



EUTF Monitoring and Learning System SLC

YEARLY 2019 REPORT – ANNEXES

COVERING UNTIL 31 DECEMBER 2019

Altai Consulting for the European Union – June 2020



This project is funded by the EU



ANNEXES

1.1. ABBREVIATIONS

| Abbreviation | Description |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 20STM | 20 Seconds to Midnight |
| ACF | Action Contre la Faim |
| ACLED | Armed Conflict Location and Event Data project |
| ACTED | Agency for Technical Cooperation and Development |
| ADA | Austrian Development Agency |
| ADEL | Appui au Développement Economique Local et à la prévention des conflits dans les régions de Tombouctou et Gao |
| ADEPME | Agence de Développement et d'Encadrement des Petites et Moyennes Entreprises |
| AECID | Agencia Española de Cooperación Internacional para el Desarrollo |
| AFD | Agence française de développement |
| AFIA | Renforcement des capacités pour une meilleure gestion de la migration afin de protéger l'enfance migrante contre l'exploitation et la traite |
| A-FIP | Appuyer la formation et l'insertion professionnelle des jeunes filles et garçons des régions d'Agadez et Zinder en vue de contribuer au développement socio-économique de ces deux régions |
| AGAPAIR | Agadez - Programme à impact rapide |
| AICS | Agenzia Italiana per la Cooperazione allo Sviluppo |
| AJUSEN | Appui à la Justice et à la Sécurité au Niger |
| AMOC-COM | Appui à la maîtrise d'ouvrage communale et à la communication |
| ANLTP | Agence Nationale de Lutte contre la Traite des Personnes |
| APESS | Association pour la promotion de l'Elevage au Sahel et en Savane |
| AQIM | Al-Qaeda in the Islamic Maghreb |
| ARC | Consortium Alliance pour la Résilience Communautaire |
| AVRR | Assisted voluntary return and reintegration |
| BAY | Borno, Adamawa and Yobe states (Nigeria) |
| CFW | Cash for work |
| CISP | Comitato internazionale per lo sviluppo dei popoli |
| CJTF | Nigerian Civilian Joint Task Force |
| CMR | Central Mediterranean Route |
| CORIM | Projet d'appui à la prévention de la radicalisation violente en République Islamique de Mauritanie |
| COVID-19 | Coronavirus disease 2019 |
| CPP | Community Peace Partnership |
| CRF | Croix-Rouge Française |
| CSO | Civil Society Organisation |
| CVE | Countering Violent Extremism |
| DES | Développer l'emploi au Sénégal |
| DG ECHO | Direction générale pour la protection civile et les opérations d'aide humanitaire européennes de la Commission européenne |
| DGEAC | Directorate general Education and Culture |
| DGSE | Direction Générale des Sénégalais de l'Extérieur |
| DGLPAP | Direction générale des libertés publiques et des affaires politiques, Ministère de l'Administration Territoriale et de la Décentralisation du Burkina Faso |
| DIZA | Programme de développement inclusif dans les zones d'accueil au Tchad |
| DRC | Danish Refugee Council |
| DRR | Disaster Risk Reduction |
| DTM | Displacement Tracking Matrix |
| DURAZINDER | Programme de création d'emplois et d'opportunités économiques à travers une gestion durable de l'environnement dans les zones de départ et de transit du Niger |
| ECI | Equipe conjointe d'investigation |
| EF | Expertise France |
| EJOM | L'Emploi des Jeunes crée des Opportunités, ici au Mali |
| EPPA | Emploi pour le patrimoine d'Agadez |

| | |
|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ETM | Evacuation Transit Mechanism |
| EU | European Union |
| EUTF | European Union Emergency Trust Fund for stability and addressing root causes of irregular migration and displaced persons in Africa (also EUTF for Africa) |
| FAO | Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations |
| FARN | <i>Foyer d'Apprentissage et de Réhabilitation Nutritionnelle</i> |
| FIIAPP | <i>Fundación Internacional y para Iberoamérica de Administración y Políticas Públicas</i> |
| FMP | Flow Monitoring Point |
| FSI | Forces de sécurité intérieure |
| FTE | Full-Time Equivalent |
| GDP | Gross Domestic Product |
| GIZ | <i>Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit</i> |
| GRET | Groupe de Recherche et d'Echange Technologique |
| HACP | <i>Haute Autorité pour la Consolidation de la Paix au Niger</i> |
| HDI | Human Development Index |
| HI | <i>Humanité et Inclusion</i> |
| HIMO | <i>Haute intensité de main d'œuvre</i> |
| ICRC | International Committee of the Red Cross |
| IDP | Internally Displaced Person |
| IFAD | International Fund for Agricultural Development |
| IGA | Income generating activity |
| ILO | International Labour Organization |
| IMF | International Monetary Fund |
| IMVF | <i>Instituto Marqués de Valle Flôr</i> |
| INTEGRA | <i>Programme d'appui à l'intégration socio-économique des jeunes</i> |
| IOM | International Organisation for Migration |
| IP | Implementing partner |
| IRC | International Rescue Committee |
| ISGS | Islamic State in the Greater Sahara |
| ISIS | Islamic State of Iraq and the Levant |
| ISWAP | Islamic State – Western African Province |
| ITC | International Trade Center |
| JAS | Jamaatu Ahlis-Sunna Liddaawati Wal Jihad |
| JEEN | <i>Les jeunes entreprennent et s'emploient au Niger</i> |
| JI | Joint Initiative |
| JIT | Joint Investigation Team |
| JNIM | Jamaat Nusrat al-Islam wal Muslimeen |
| KEY | <i>Programme de renforcement de la résilience des communautés, des ménages et des individus vulnérables à l'insécurité alimentaire et nutritionnelle au Mali</i> |
| LCB | Lake Chad Basin |
| LRRD | Linking Relief, Rehabilitation and Development |
| LVIA | Lay Volunteers International Association |
| MAECI | Ministry of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation of Italy |
| MCN | Enhancing state and community level conflict management capability in North Eastern Nigeria |
| MENA | <i>Ministère de l'éducation nationale et de l'alphabétisation du Burkina Faso</i> |
| MIITG | Make It In The Gambia |
| MLS | Monitoring and Learning System |
| MMC | Mixed Migration Centre |
| MRRM | Migrant Resource and Response Mechanism |
| MSME | Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise |
| MUJAO | Movement of Oneness and Jihad in West Africa/AI-Mourabitoun |
| NEET | Youths not in education, employment or training |
| NGO | Non-Governmental Organisation |
| NRC | Norwegian Refugee Council |
| OCHA | United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs |
| OXFAM | Oxford Committee for Famine Relief |
| PACERSEN | <i>Projet d'Appui à la réduction de la migration à travers la Création d'Emplois Ruraux au Sénégal</i> |

| | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| PAECSIS | <i>Programme d'appui au fonctionnement de l'état civil au Mali</i> |
| PAFAM | <i>Projet d'Appui à la Filière de l'Anacarde au Mali</i> |
| PAGS | <i>Appui à la coopération régionale des pays du G5 Sahel et au Collège Sahélien de Sécurité</i> |
| PAIERA | <i>Programme d'action à impact économique rapide à Agadez</i> |
| PARERBA | <i>Projet d'Appui à la Réduction de l'Emigration rurale et à la Réintégration dans le Bassin Arachidier par le développement d'une économie rurale sur base des périmètres irrigués</i> |
| PARSE | <i>Projet d'Appui à la Résilience Socio-Économique des Jeunes Vulnérables</i> |
| PARSEC | <i>Programme d'Appui au Renforcement de la Sécurité dans les régions de Mopti et de Gao et à la gestion des zones frontalières</i> |
| PASP | <i>Projet d'appui à la stabilité socioéconomique et à la paix dans la région d'Agadez</i> |
| PASREP | <i>Projet d'appui à la stabilisation et renforcement socio-économique des populations affectées par la migration irrégulière dans les zones de transit au Niger</i> |
| PASSERAZ | <i>Projet d'appui à la stabilité socioéconomique dans la région d'Agadez</i> |
| PECOBAT | <i>Amélioration de l'employabilité des jeunes et des capacités des PME par le développement du sous-secteur du BTP</i> |
| PEV | <i>Prévention de l'extrémisme violent</i> |
| PIESSE | <i>Projet d'appui à l'inclusion économique et sociale pour la stabilité et l'emploi des jeunes en Mauritanie</i> |
| PLASEPRI/PASPED | <i>Programme de contraste à la migration illégale à travers l'appui au Secteur Privé et à la création d'emplois au Sénégal</i> |
| PMM | <i>Progettomondo.mnal</i> |
| PNDP | <i>Programme National de Développement Participatif</i> |
| POC | <i>Protection of Civilians</i> |
| PPI | <i>Positive Planet International</i> |
| PRCPT | <i>Projet de Renforcement de la Résilience et de la Cohabitation Pacifique au Tchad</i> |
| PRESEC | <i>Projet de renforcement de la résilience des populations des régions septentrionales du Cameroun</i> |
| PRIAN | <i>Partenariat pour le Renforcement de la Résilience à l'Insécurité Alimentaire et Nutritionnelle au Nord Mali</i> |
| PRODECO | <i>Appui au déminage, à la protection sociale et au développement des personnes vulnérables</i> |
| ProGEM | <i>Renforcement de la gestion durable des conséquences des flux migratoires</i> |
| PROJES | <i>Programme Jeunesse Et Stabilisation</i> |
| PSE | <i>Plan Sénégal Emergent</i> |
| PSS | <i>Strengthening Psychosocial Support, Mental Health, Reintegration and Protection Services for children in Borno, including children associated with Boko Haram</i> |
| PUS BF | <i>Programme d'urgence Sahel du Burkina Faso</i> |
| RELAC | <i>Relance de l'économie et appui aux collectivités dans le nord du Mali</i> |
| RESILAC | <i>Soutien aux populations du Bassin du Lac Tchad</i> |
| RESILIANT | <i>Programme de redressement économique et social inclusif et de lutte contre l'insécurité alimentaire et nutritionnelle des territoires du nord Cameroun</i> |
| RESTE | <i>Résilience au Lac Tchad et Emploi</i> |
| RIEC | <i>Rural Infrastructures for Employment Creation</i> |
| RRR | <i>Response Recovery and Resilience</i> |
| RSAN | <i>Projet de renforcement de la sécurité alimentaire et nutritionnelle dans la région de Matam</i> |
| SAFIRE | <i>Programme de renforcement de la résilience des communautés urbaines et rurales vulnérables en Mauritanie</i> |
| SDNM | <i>Sécurité et développement au nord du Mali</i> |
| SECGEF | <i>Sécurité et Gestion des Frontières</i> |
| SECUTCHAD | <i>Appui à la formation et à la sécurité publique au Tchad</i> |
| SLC | <i>Sahel and Lake Chad</i> |
| SNV | <i>SNV Netherlands Development Organisation</i> |
| SURENI | <i>Sustainable Return from Niger</i> |
| TDH | <i>Terres des Hommes</i> |
| TEH | <i>Appui à la lutte contre la traite des personnes dans les pays du Golfe de Guinée</i> |
| TUUMA | <i>Appui à la compétence professionnelle, l'entrepreneuriat et l'emploi des jeunes en milieu rural dans des régions rurales du Burkina Faso</i> |
| TVET | <i>Technical and Vocational Education and Training</i> |
| UN | <i>United Nations</i> |
| UNCDF | <i>United Nations Capital Development Fund</i> |
| UNDP | <i>United Nations Development Programme</i> |
| UNHCR | <i>United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees</i> |
| UNICEF | <i>United Nations Children's Fund</i> |

| | |
|-------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| UNW | United Nations Women |
| USD | United States Dollar |
| VSF | <i>Vétérinaires Sans Frontières</i> |
| VSLA | Village Savings and Loans Association |
| WAPIS | Support to the strengthening of police information systems in the broader West Africa region |
| WASH | Water, sanitation and hygiene |
| WFP | World Food Programme |
| WHO | World Health Organization |
| YEP | Youth Empowerment Project |

1.2. OVERVIEW BY INDICATOR

1.2.1. STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 1: GREATER ECONOMIC AND EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES

Figure 1: EUTF Indicator 1.1, SLC window, December 2019

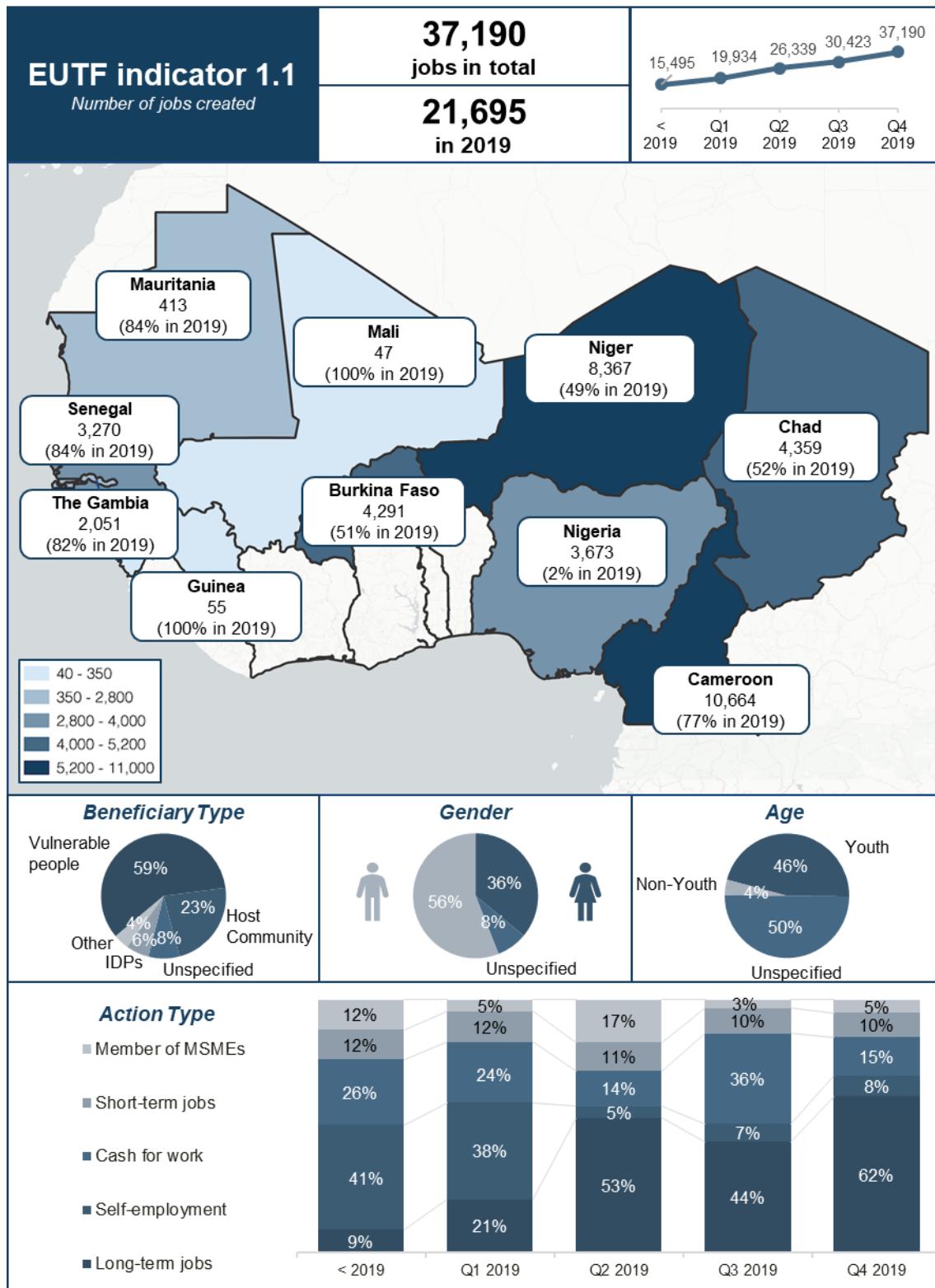


Figure 2: EUTF Indicator 1.2, SLC window, December 2019

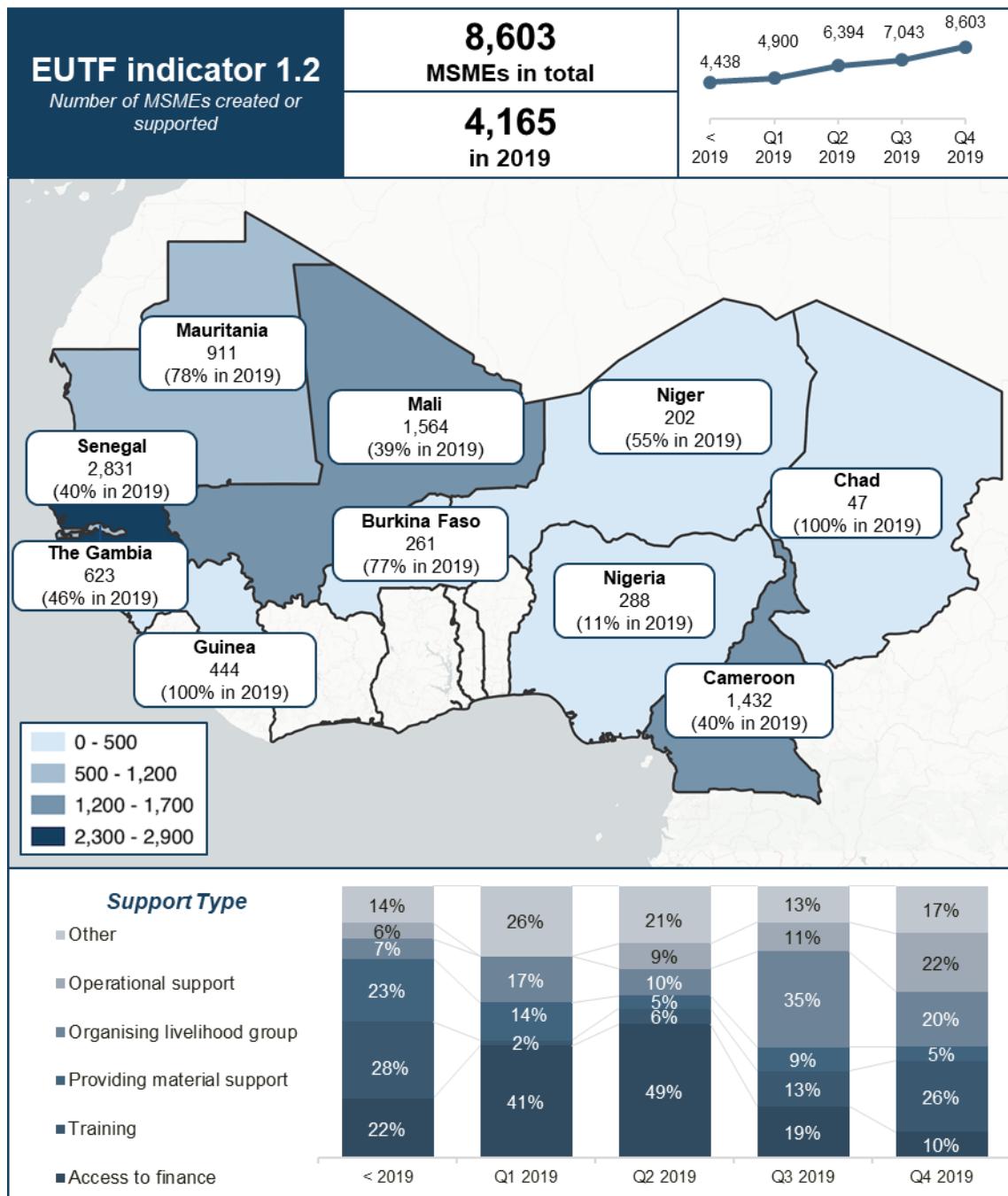


Figure 3: EUTF Indicator 1.3, SLC window, December 2019

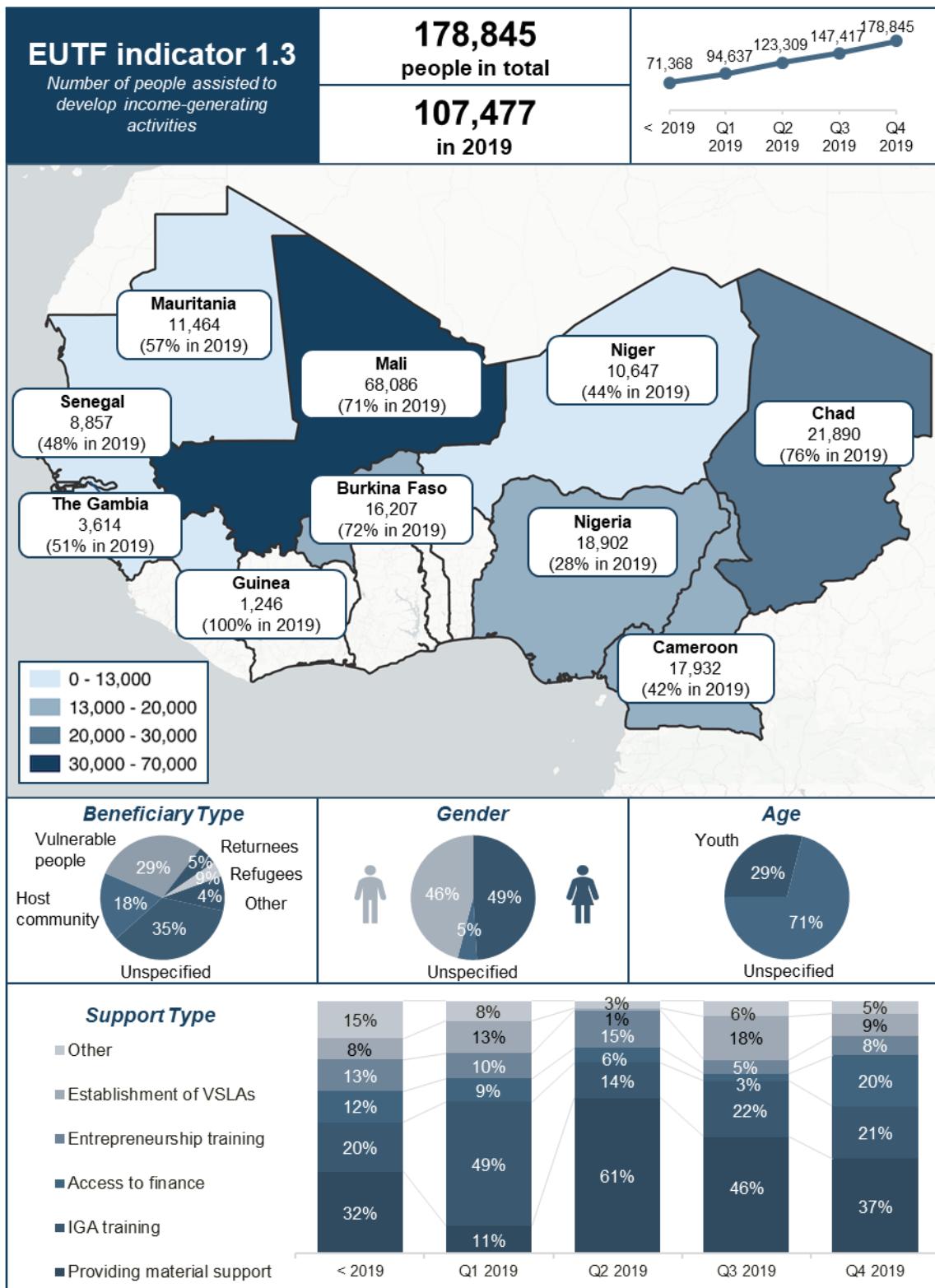


Figure 4: EUTF Indicator 1.4, SLC window, December 2019

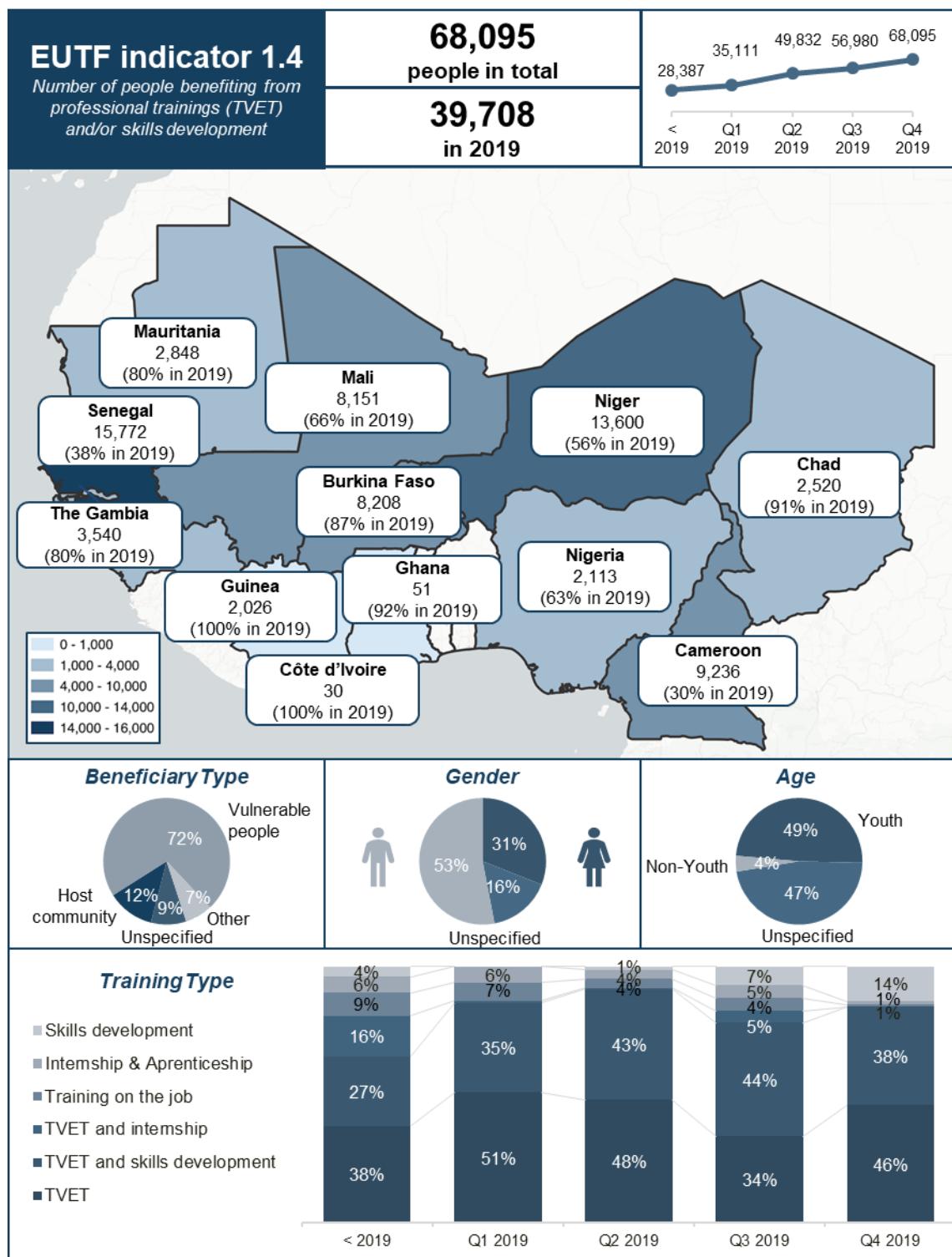


Figure 5: EUTF Indicator 1.5, SLC window, December 2019

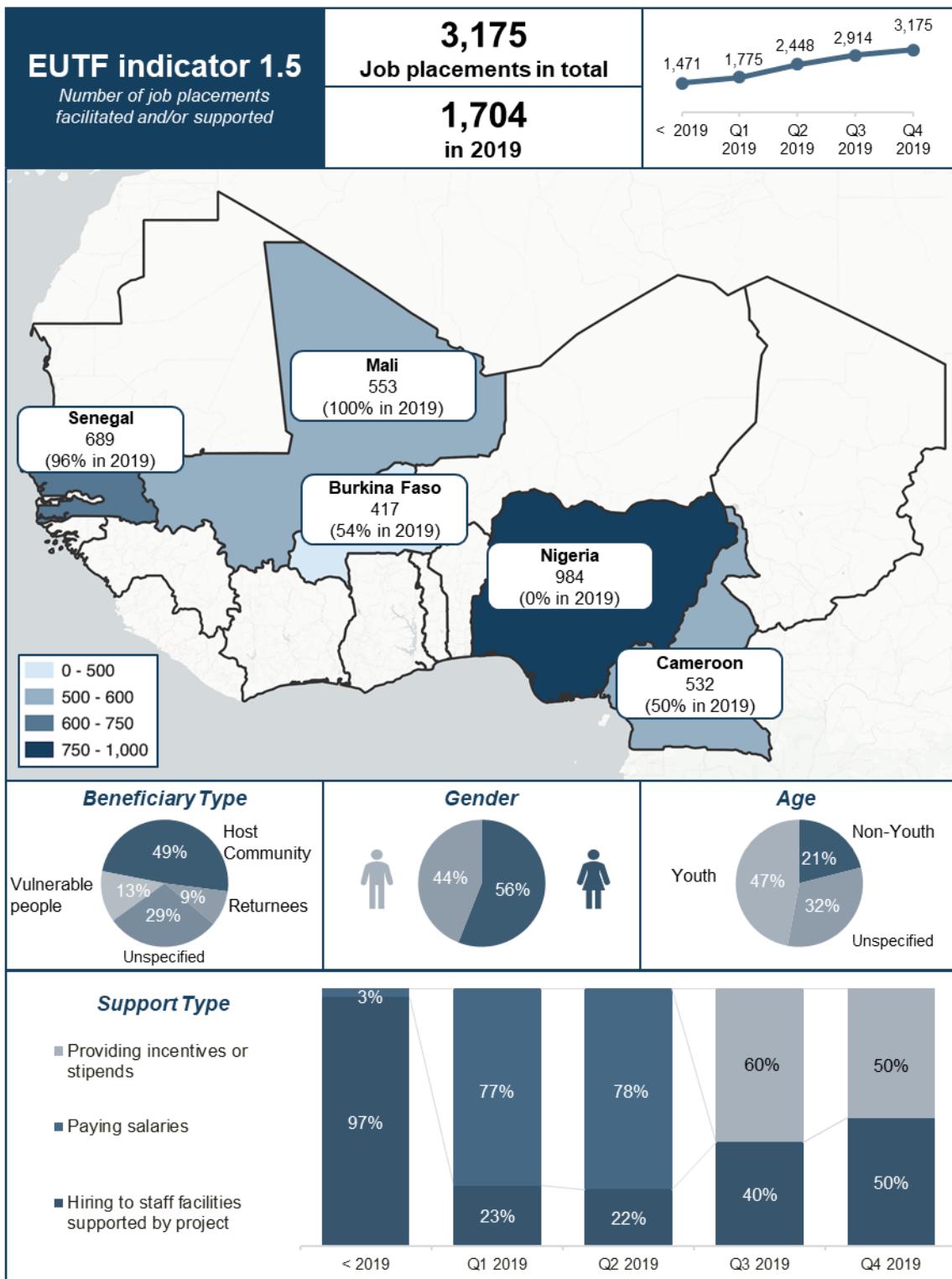


Figure 6: EUTF Indicator 1.6, SLC window, December 2019

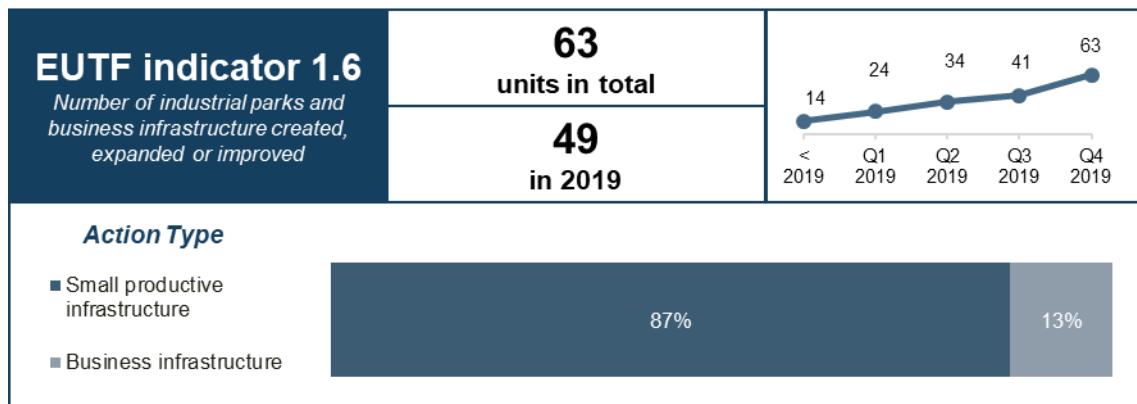
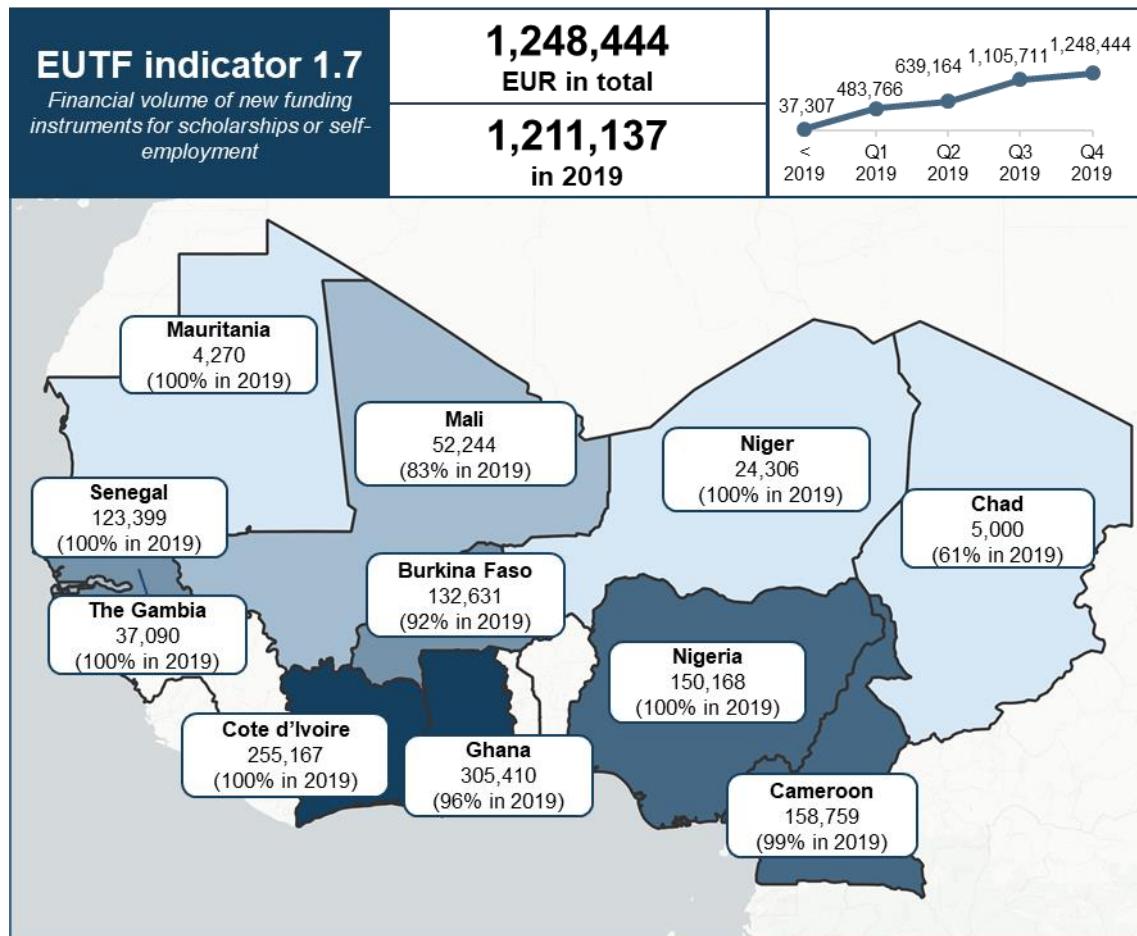


Figure 7: EUTF Indicator 1.7, SLC window, December 2019



1.2.2. STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 2: STRENGTHENING THE RESILIENCE OF COMMUNITIES

Figure 7: EUTF Indicator 2.1, SLC window, December 2019

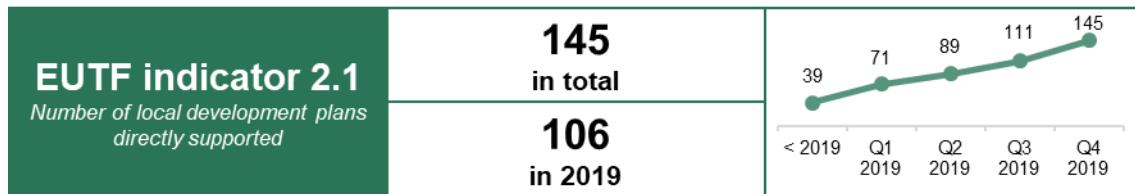


Figure 8: EUTF Indicator 2.1 bis, SLC window, December 2019

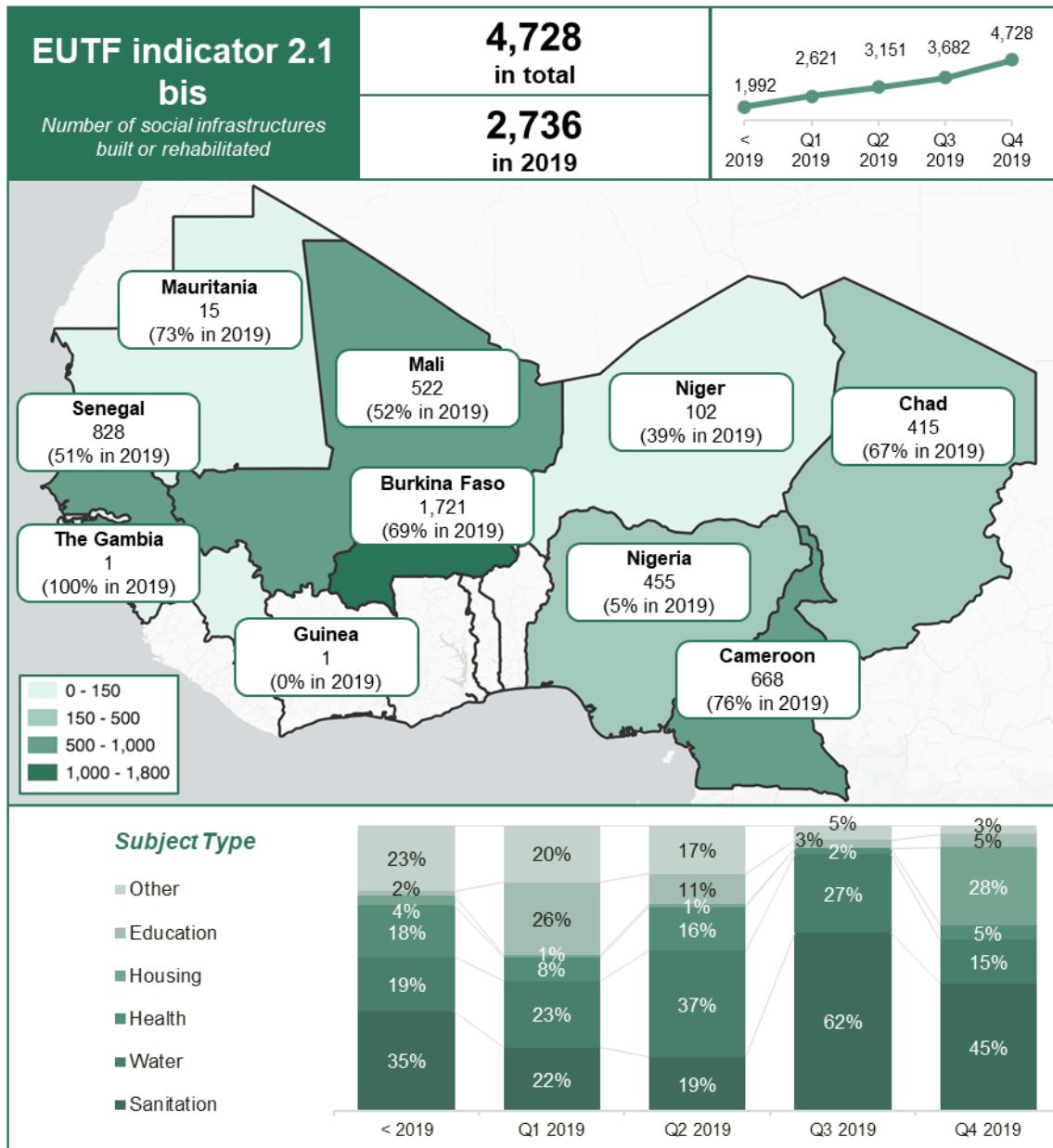


Figure 9: EUTF Indicator 2.2, SLC window, December 2019

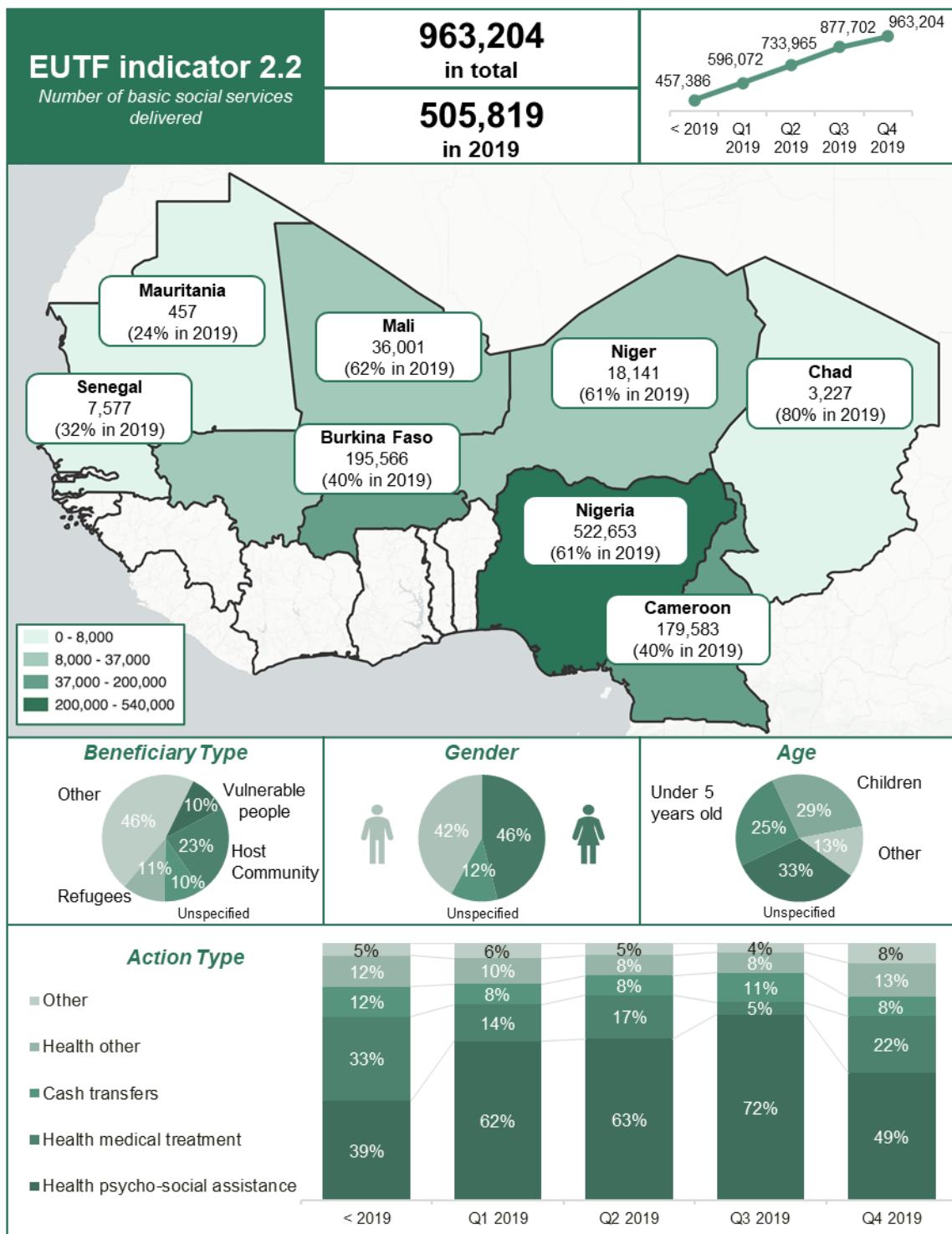


Figure 10: EUTF Indicator 2.3, SLC window, December 2019

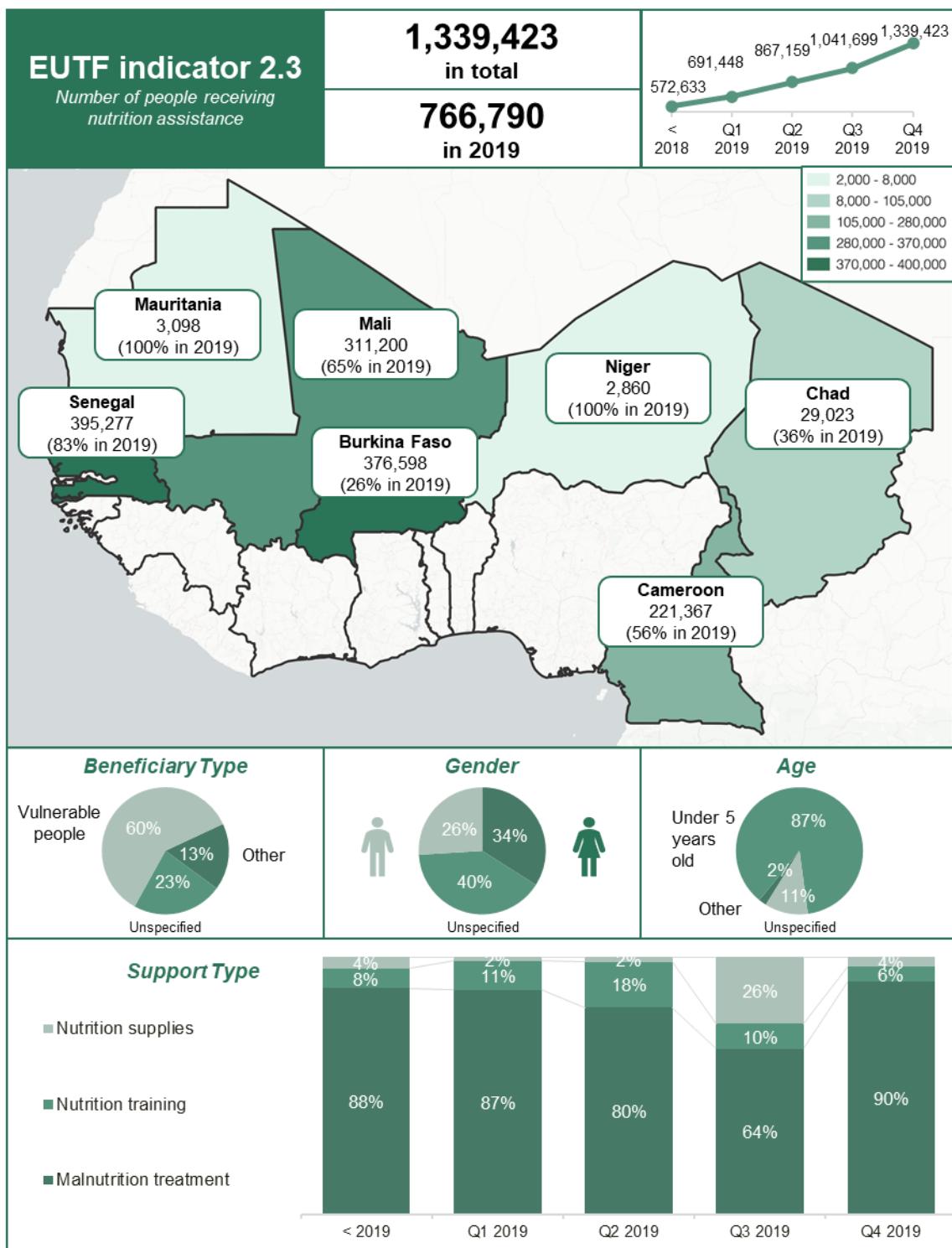


Figure 11: EUTF Indicator 2.4, SLC window, December 2019

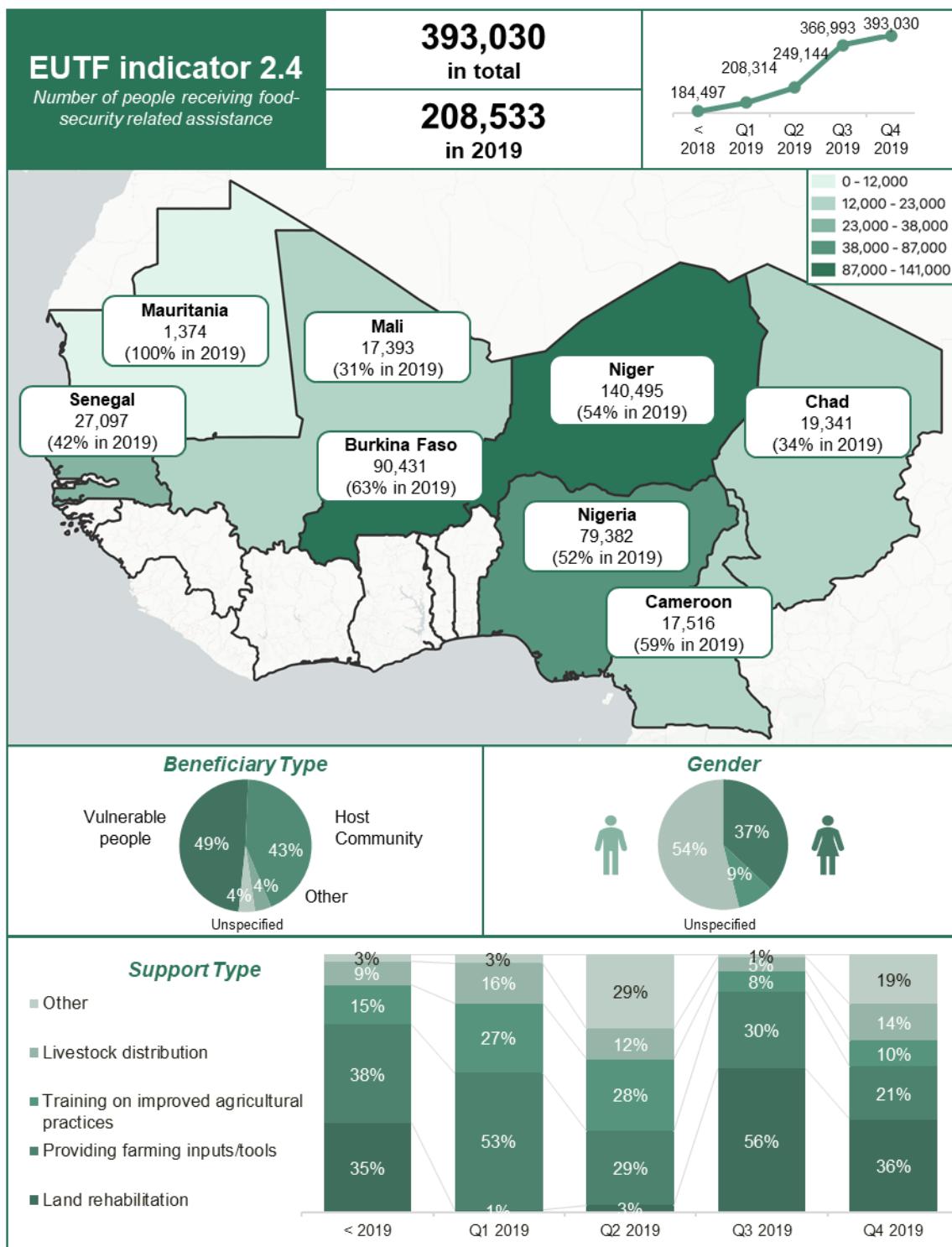


Figure 12: EUTF Indicator 2.5, SLC window, December 2019



Figure 13: EUTF Indicator 2.6, SLC window, December 2019

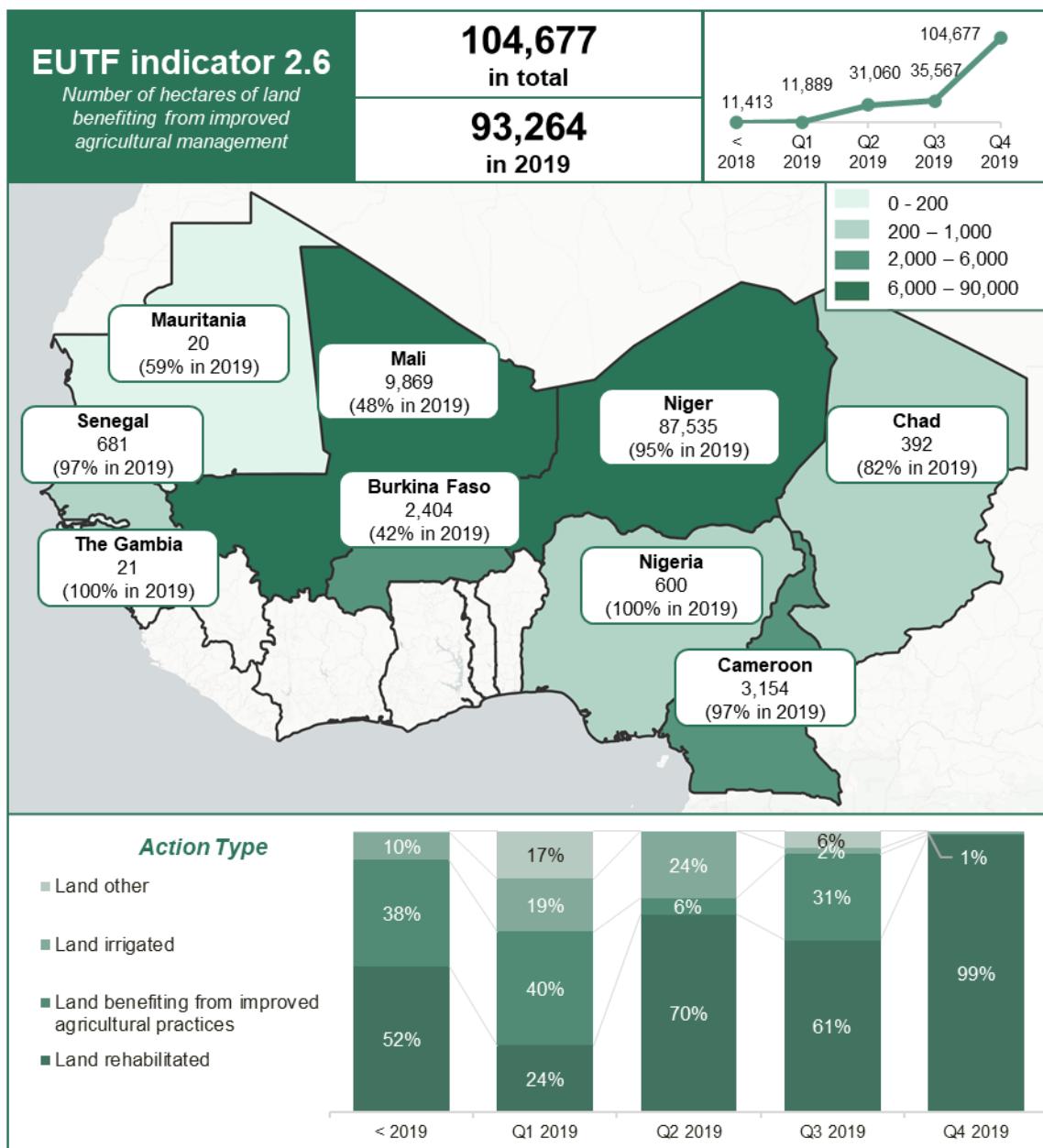


Figure 14: EUTF Indicator 2.7, SLC window, December 2019

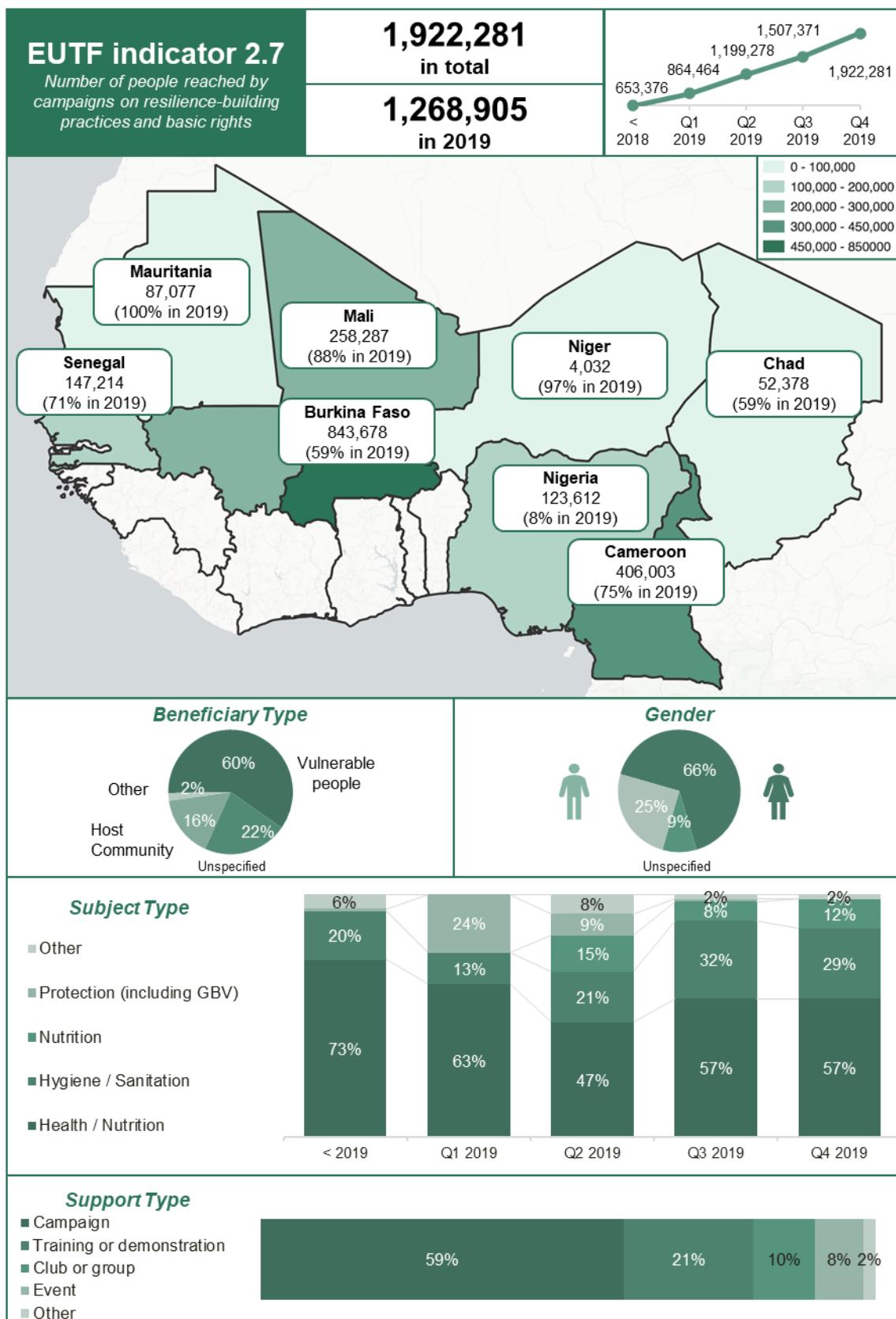


Figure 15: EUTF Indicator 2.8, SLC window, December 2019

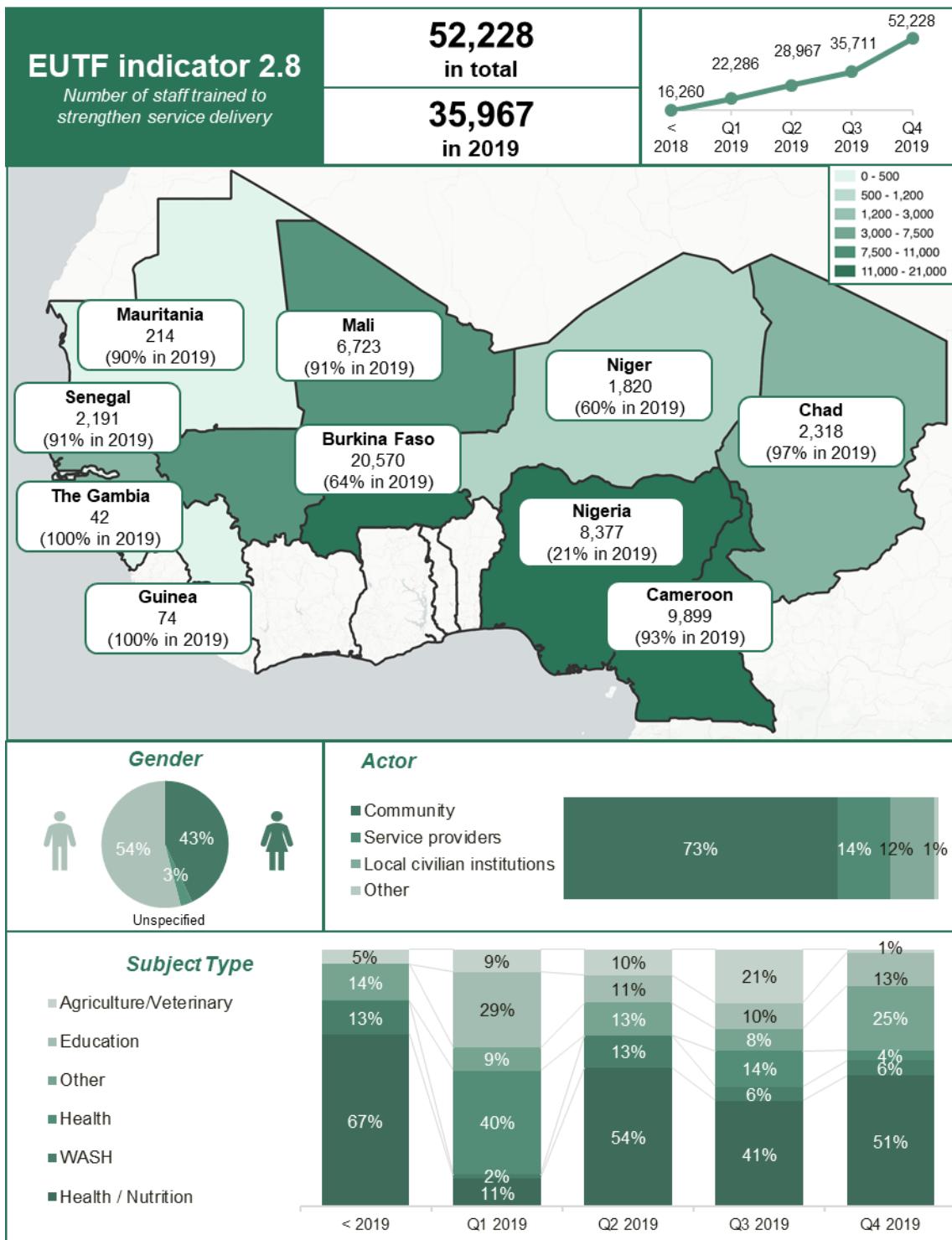
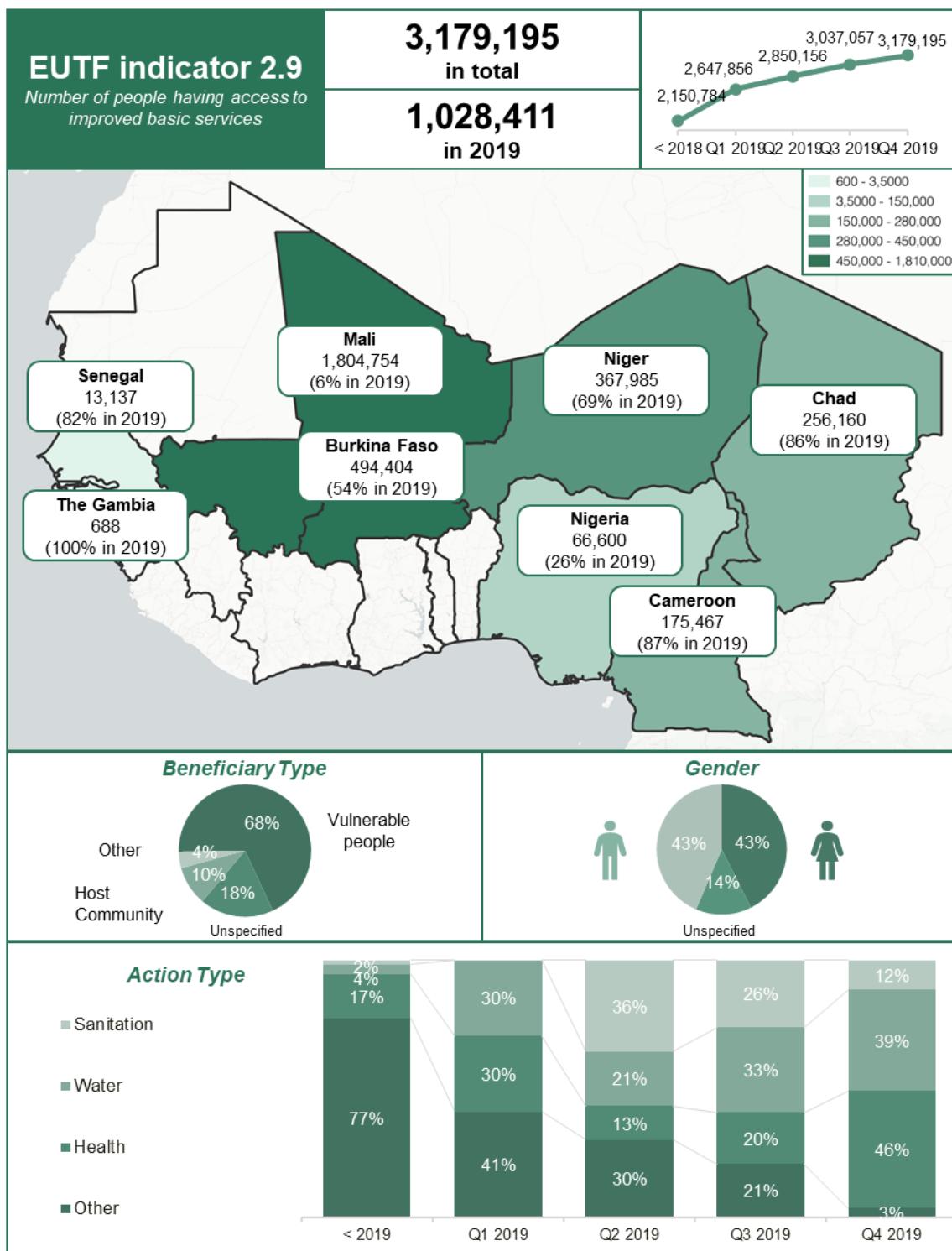


Figure 16: EUTF Indicator 2.9, SLC window, December 2019



1.2.3. STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 3: IMPROVED MIGRATION MANAGEMENT

One indicator of the SO3 is not represented here, 3.9 (Number of early warning systems on migration flows created). No early warning system on migration flows has been created in the SLC region in 2019 since the creation of 26 Flow Monitoring Points in 2018.

Figure 17: EUTF Indicator 3.1, SLC window, December 2019



Figure 18: EUTF Indicator 3.2, SLC window, December 2019

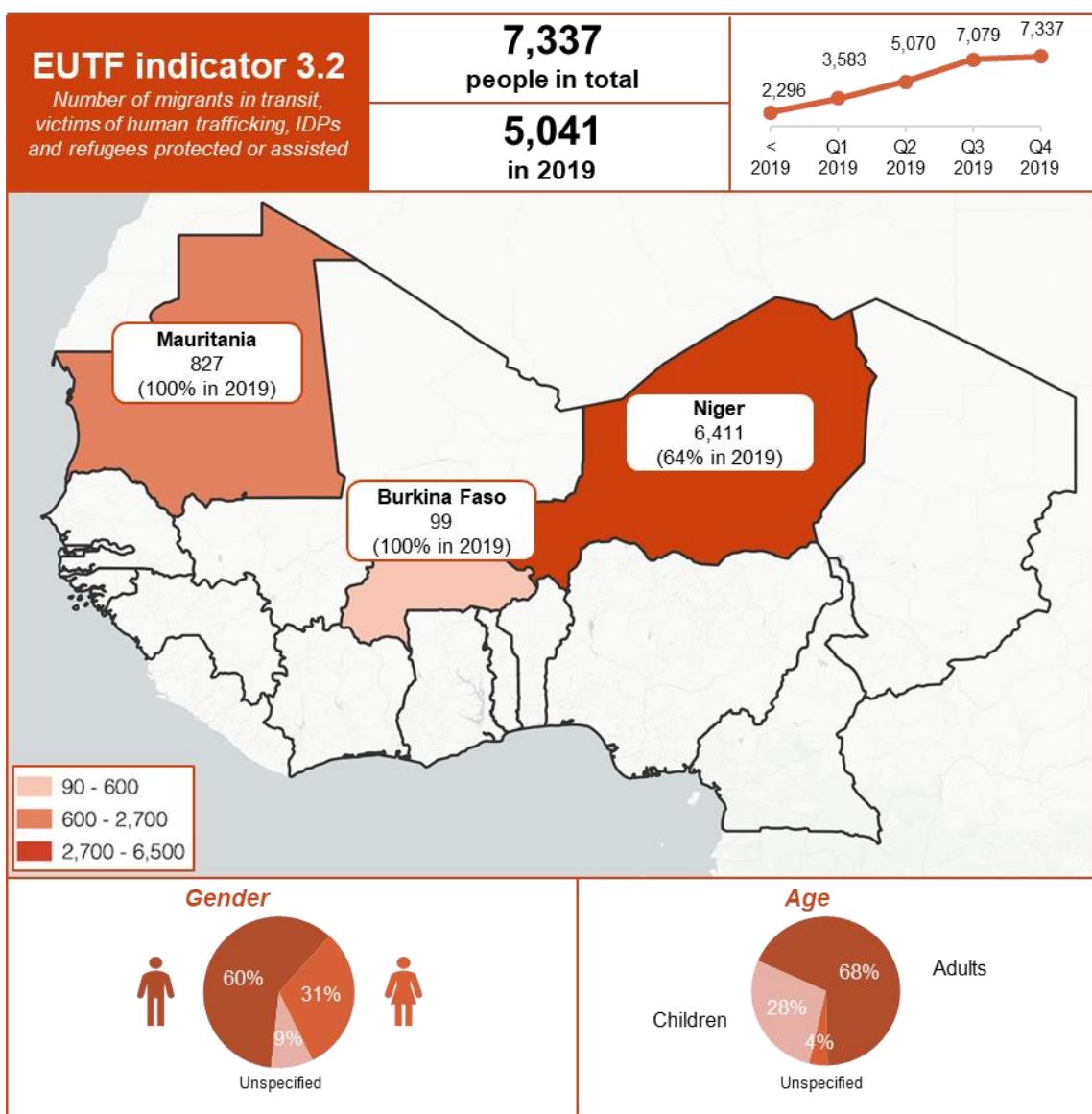


Figure 19: EUTF Indicator 3.3, SLC window, December 2019

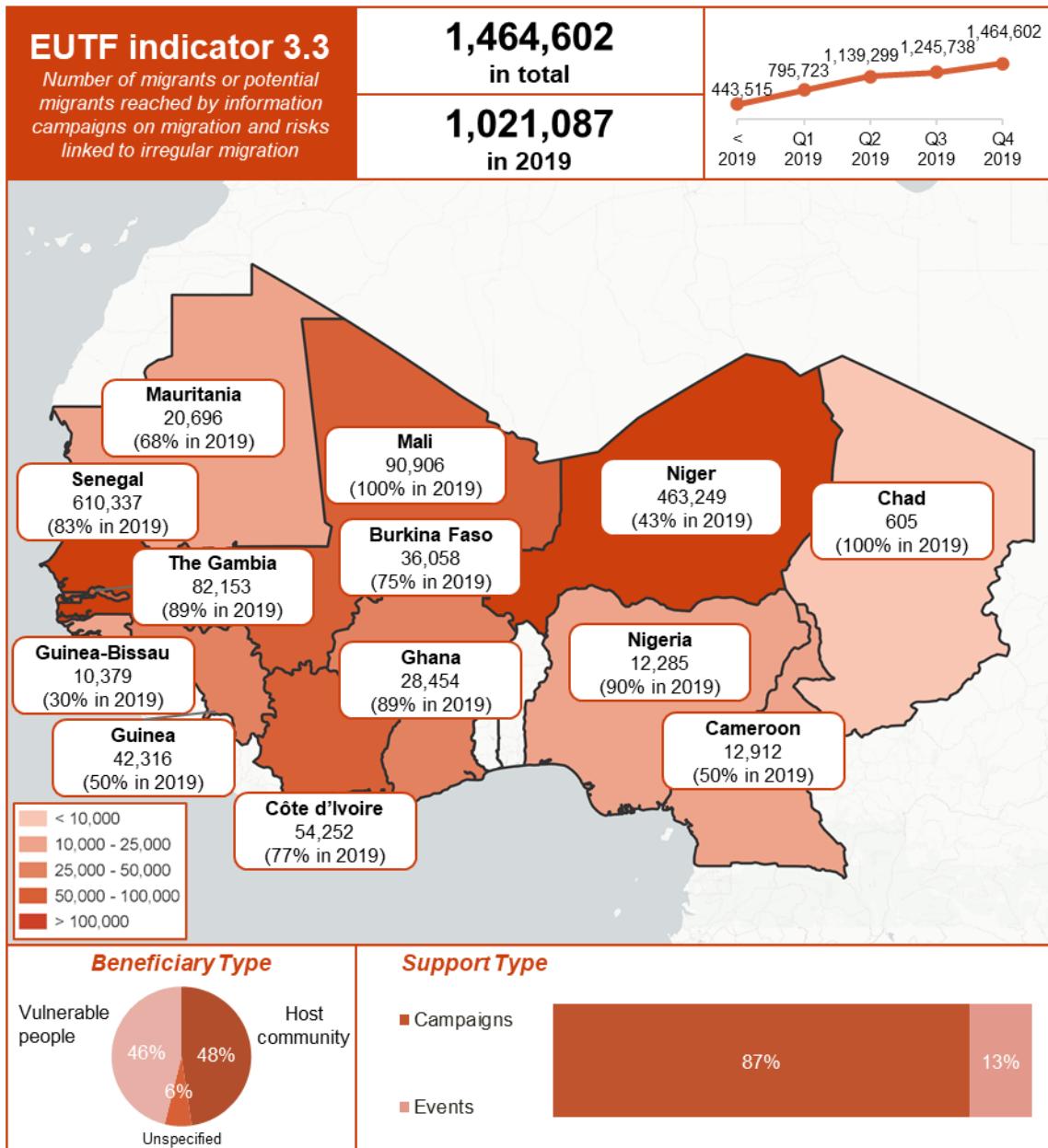


Figure 20: EUTF Indicator 3.4, SLC window, December 2019

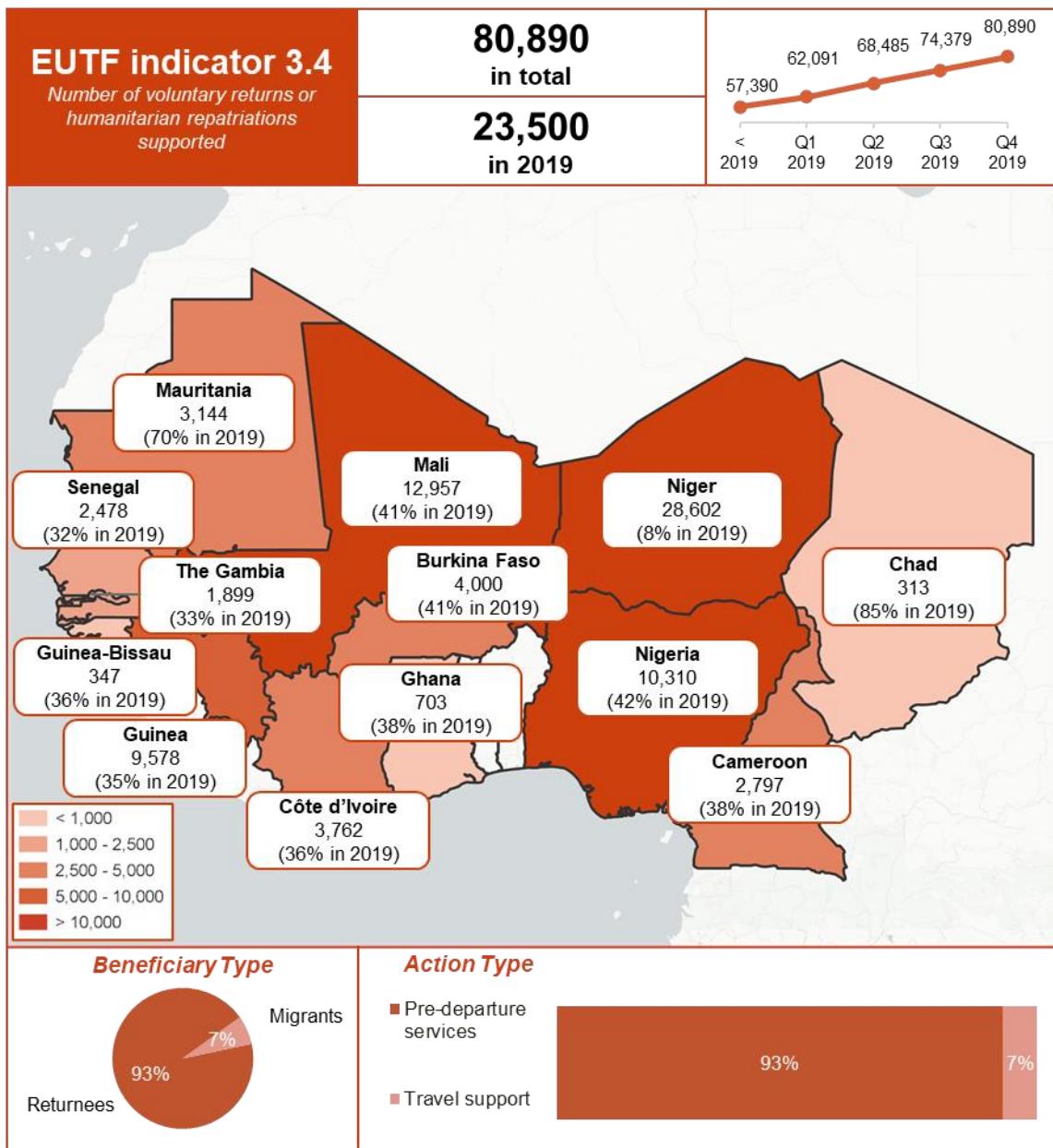


Figure 21: EUTF Indicator 3.5, SLC window, December 2019

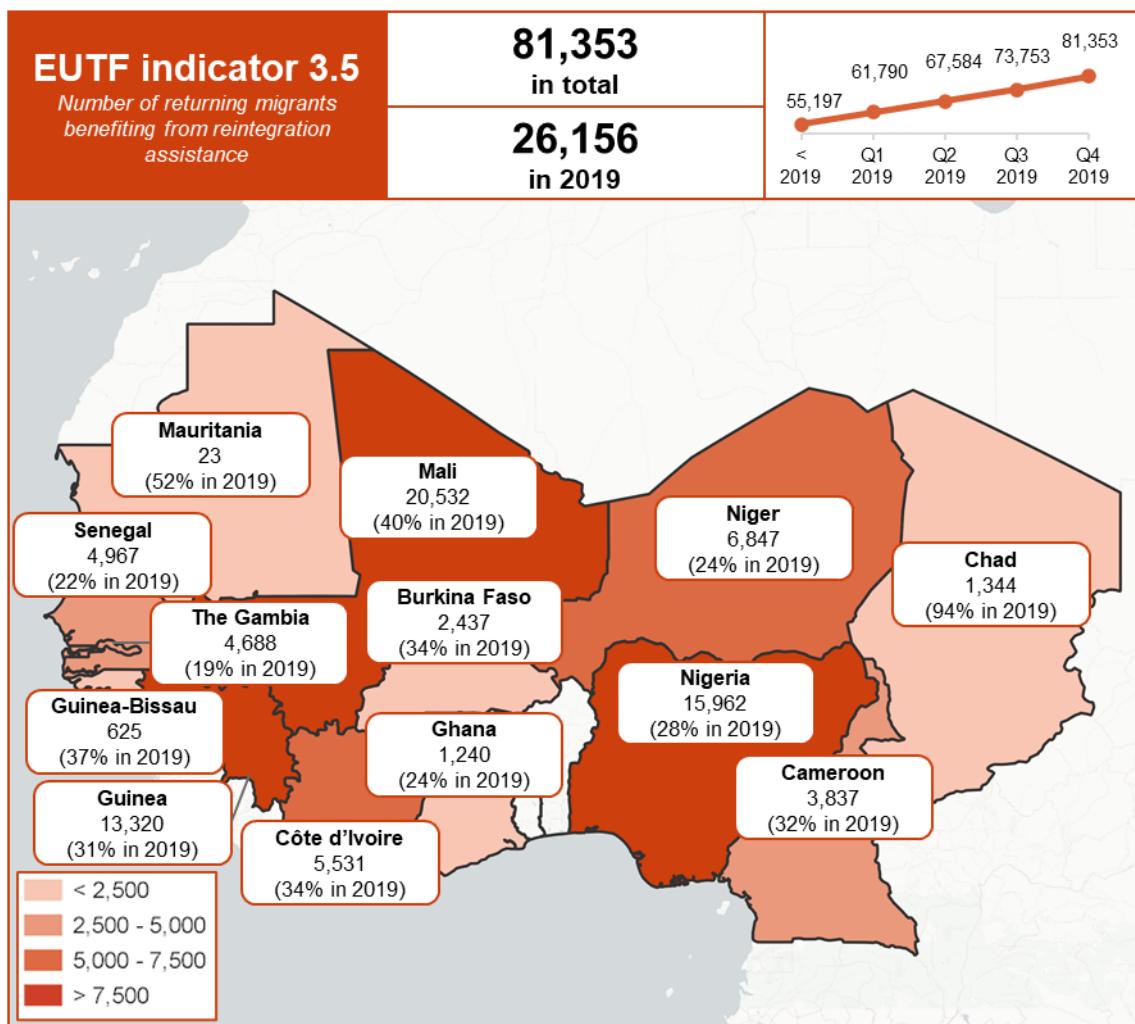


Figure 22: EUTF Indicator 3.6, SLC window, December 2019

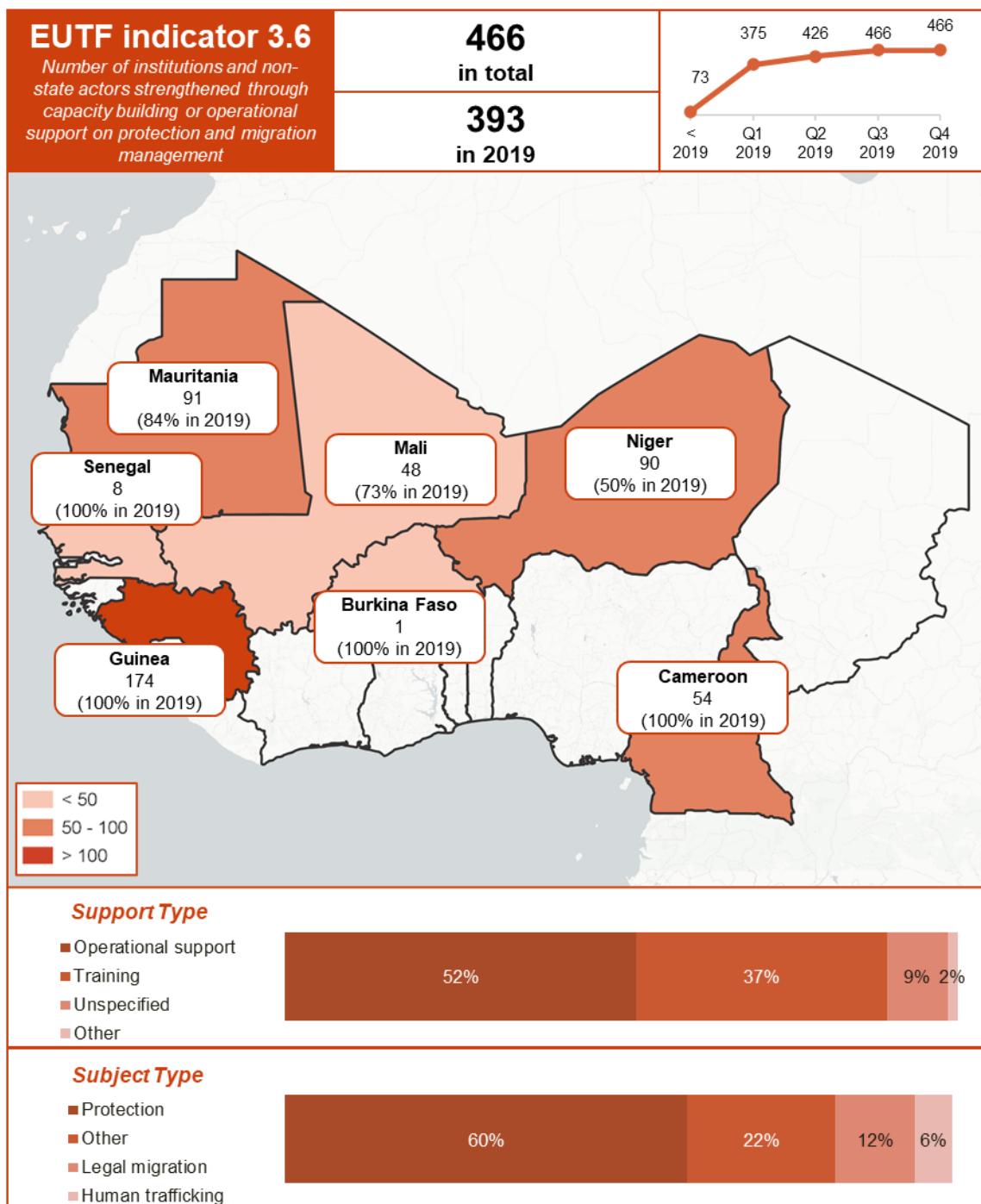


Figure 23: EUTF Indicator 3.7, SLC window, December 2019

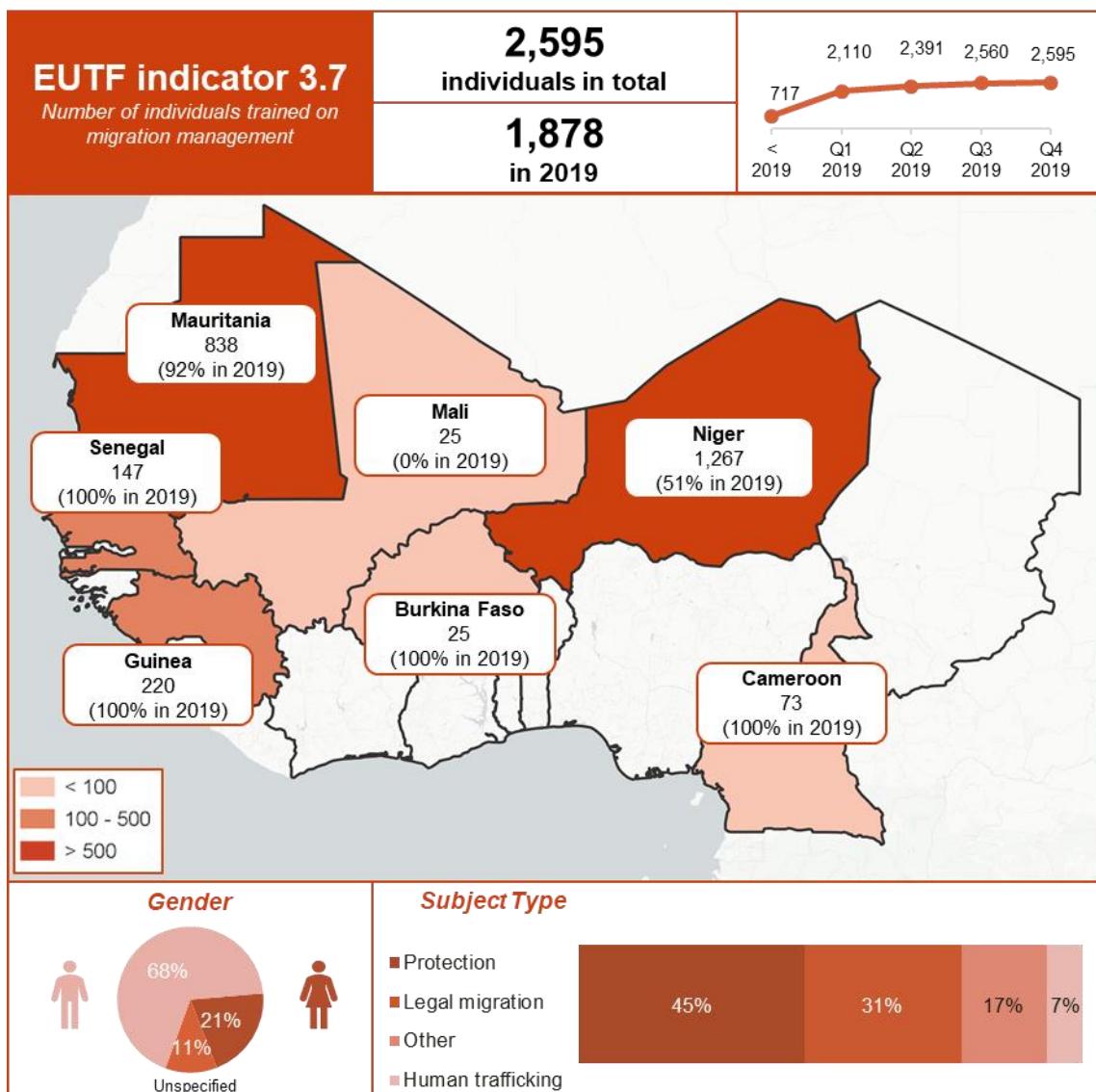


Figure 24: EUTF Indicator 3.8, SLC window, December 2019

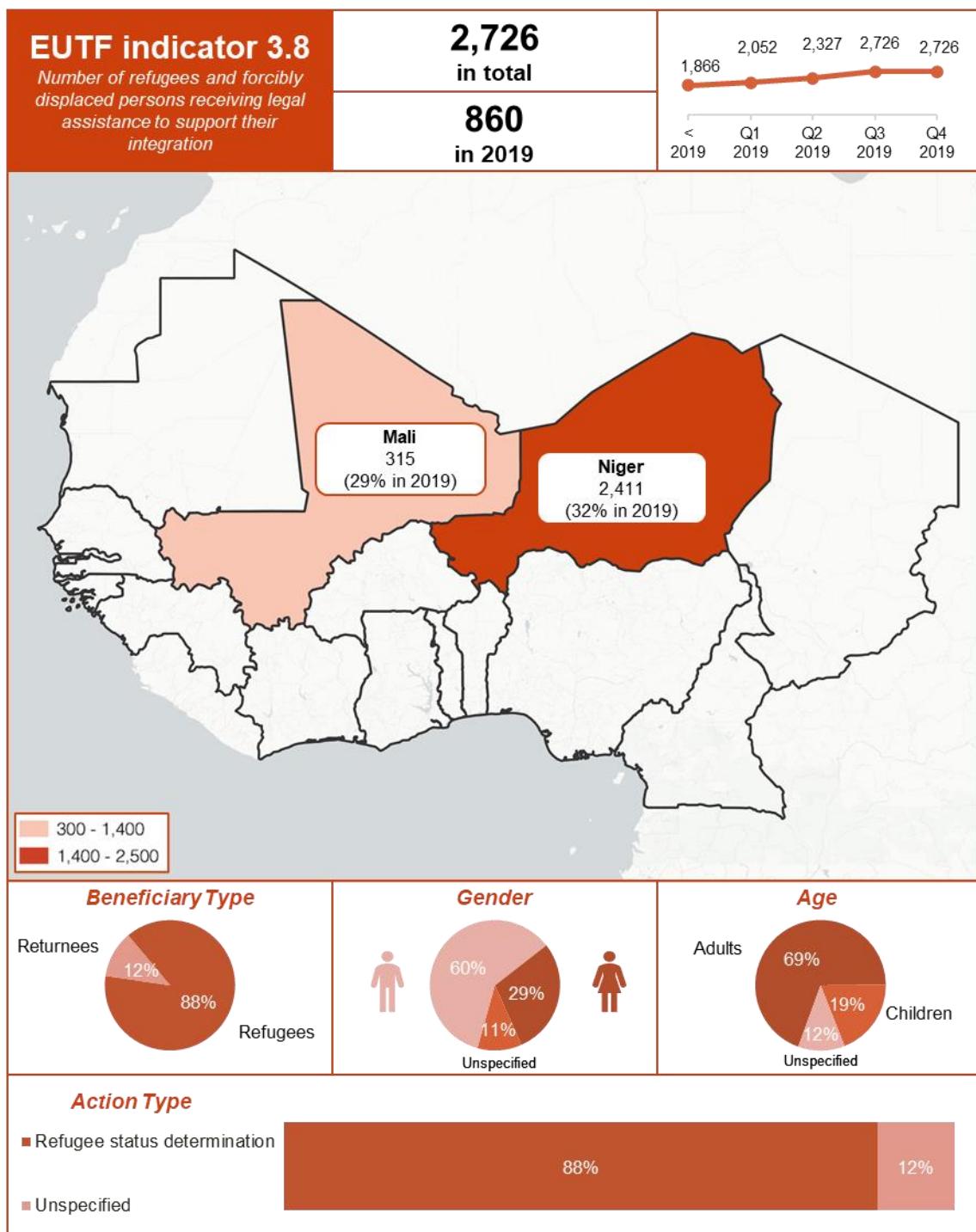


Figure 25: EUTF Indicator 3.10, SLC window, December 2019



1.2.4. STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 4: IMPROVED GOVERNANCE AND CONFLICT PREVENTION AND REDUCTION OF FORCED DISPLACEMENT AND IRREGULAR MIGRATION

Two indicators of the SO4 are not represented here, 4.4 and 4.7. One female victim of trafficking has been assisted in The Gambia in Q2 2019 and informs indicator 4.4: Number of victims of trafficking assisted or referred to assistance services. No activity in the SLC region has contributed to outputs for indicator 4.7: number of refugees benefiting from an out-of-camp policy

Figure 26: EUTF Indicator 4.1, SLC window, December 2019

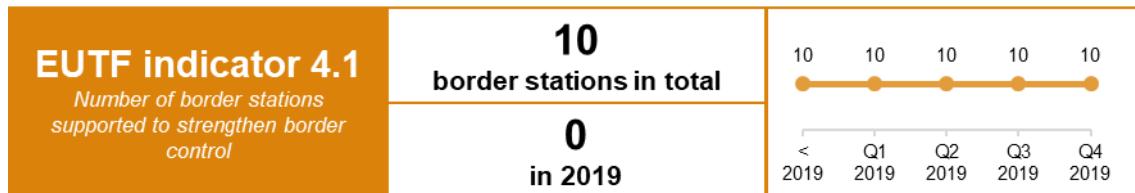


Figure 27: EUTF Indicator 4.2, SLC window, December 2019

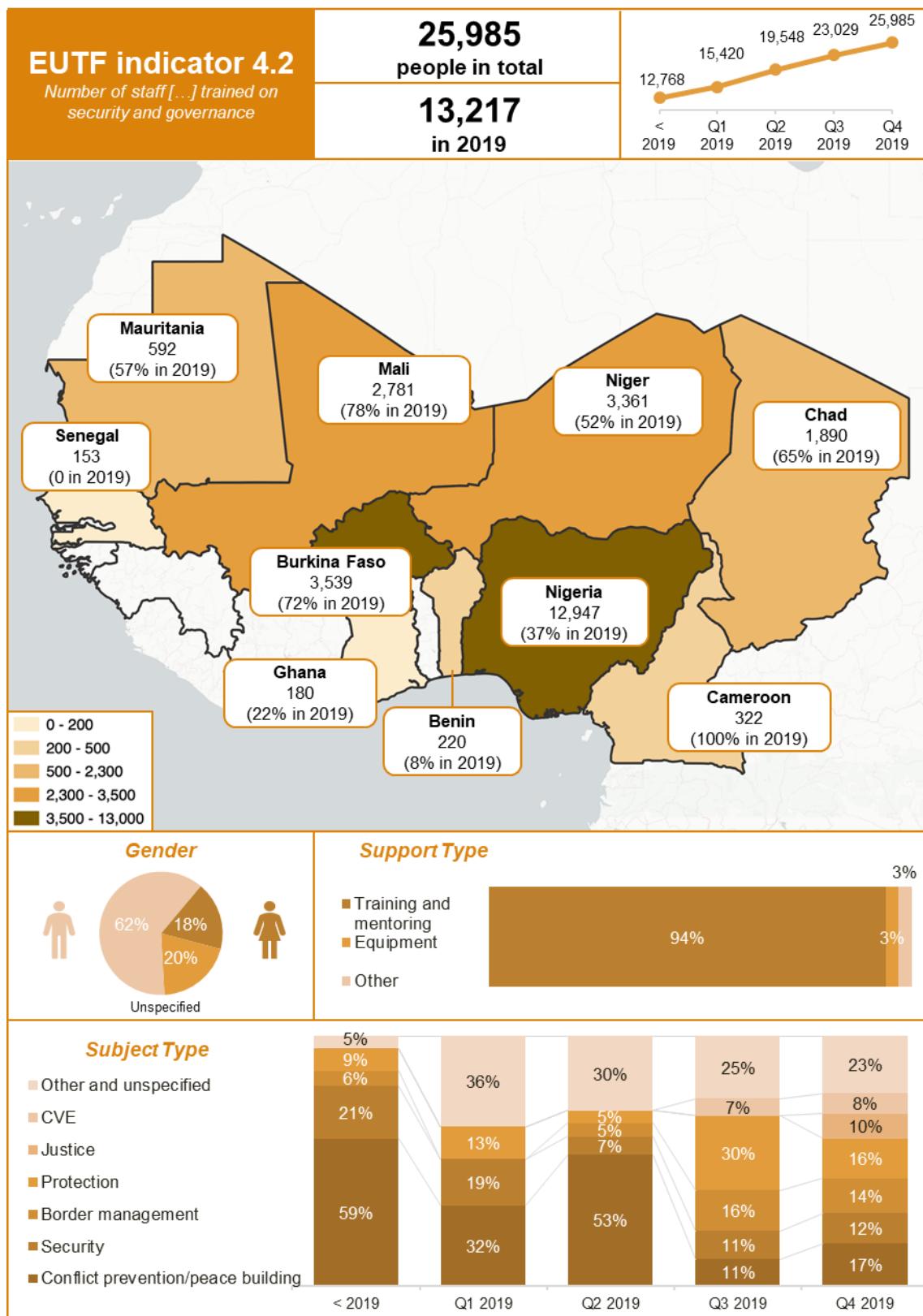


Figure 28: EUTF Indicator 4.2 bis, SLC window, December 2019

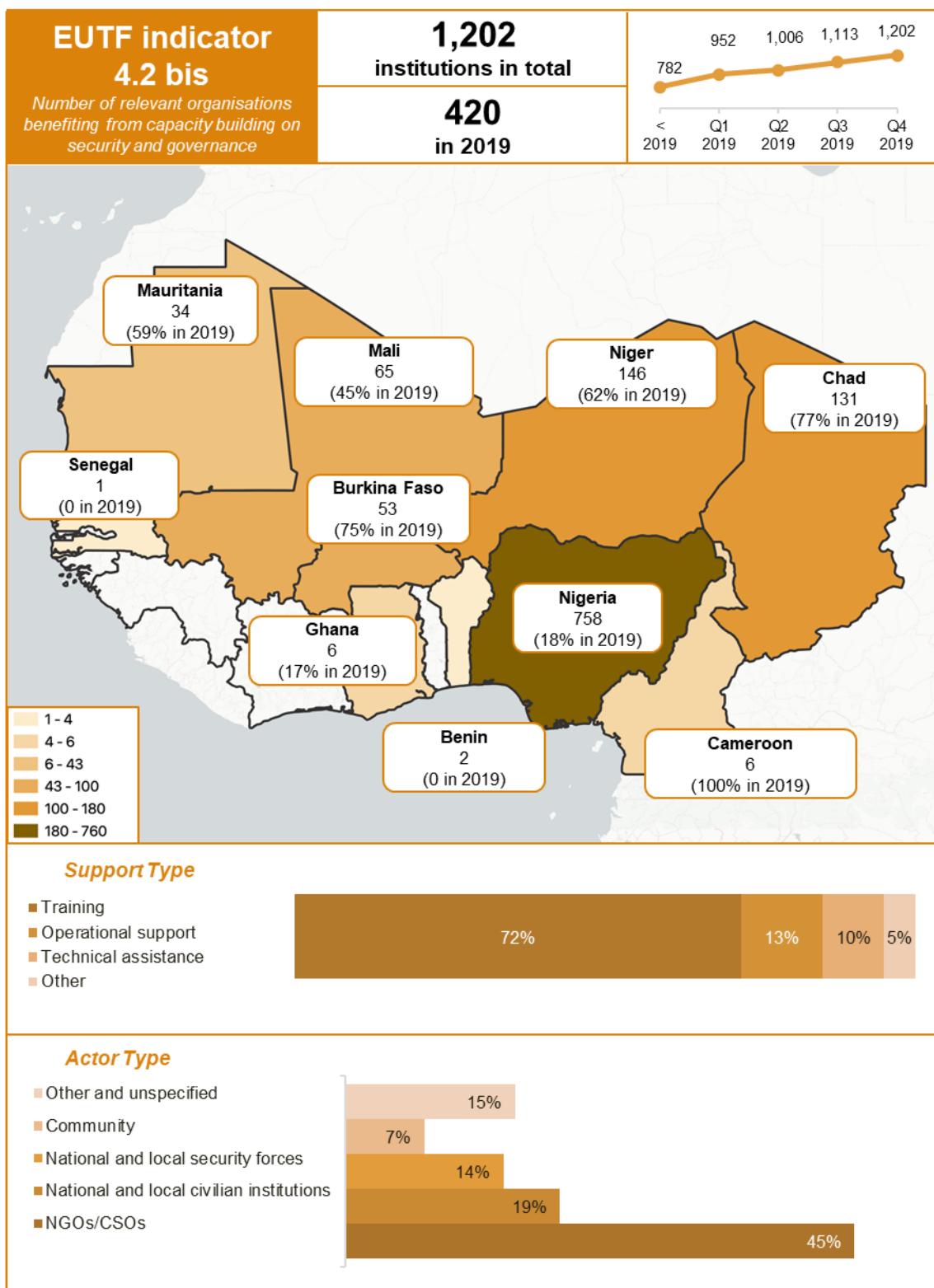


Figure 29: EUTF Indicator 4.3, SLC window, December 2019

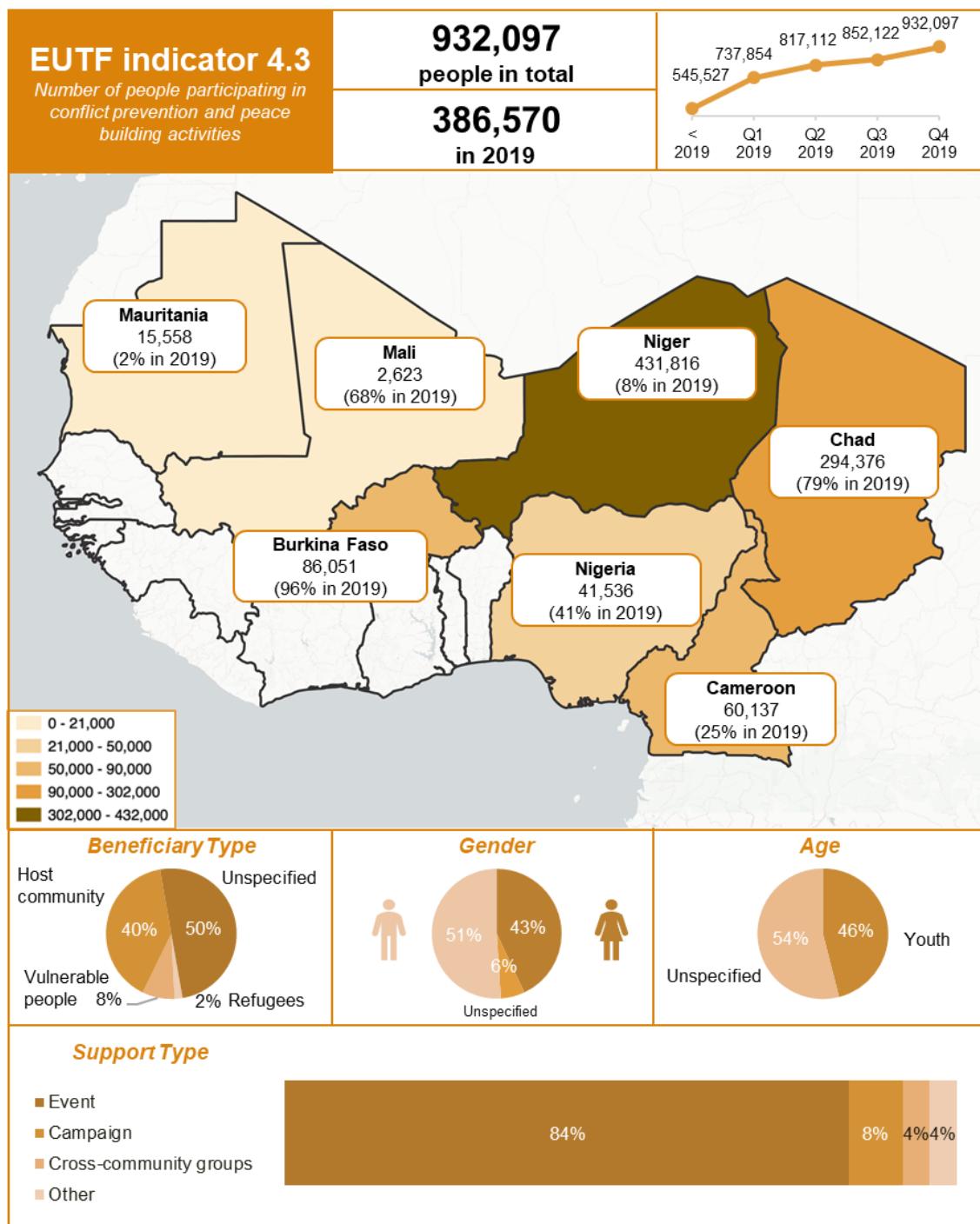
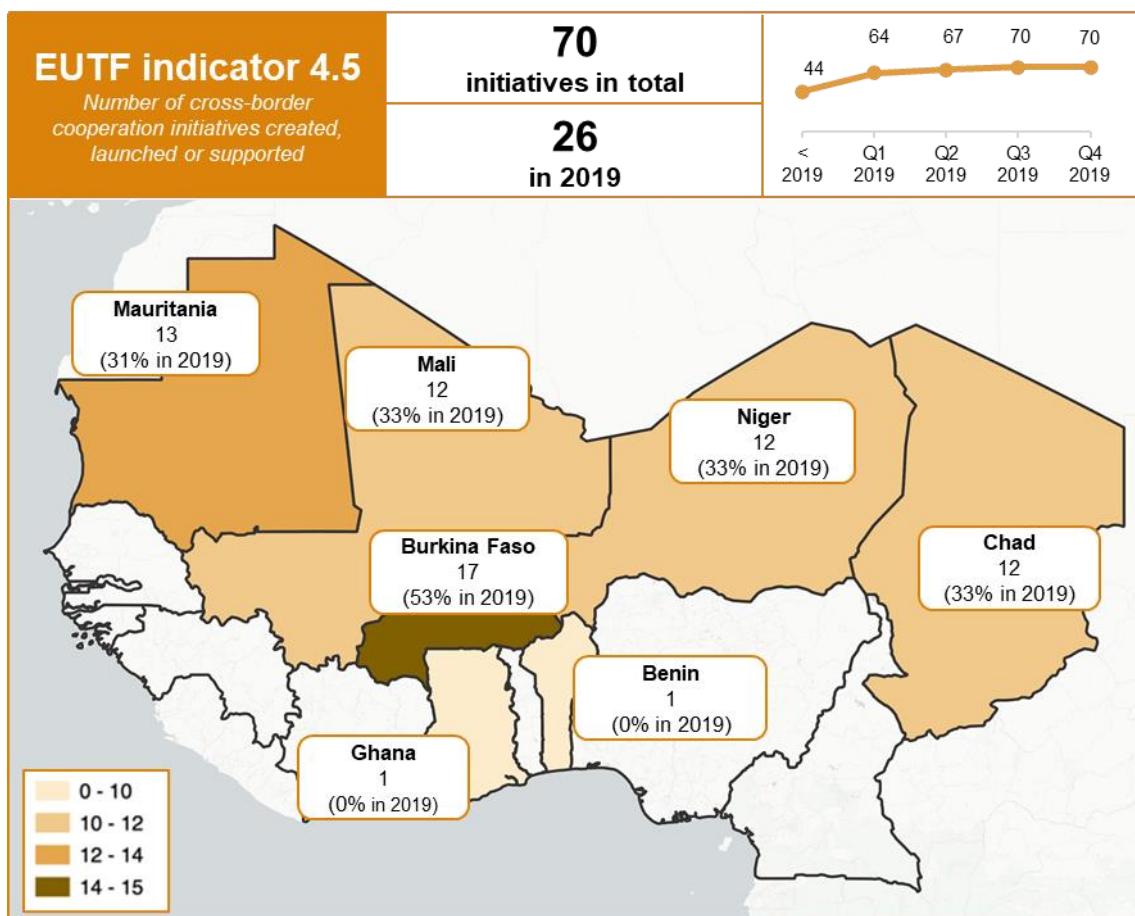


Figure 30: EUTF Indicator 4.5, SLC window, December 2019¹



¹ The map colour code presents data for outputs who can be disaggregated at national level. Exclusions: 2 initiatives developed in 2018.

Figure 31: EUTF Indicator 4.6, SLC window, December 2019¹

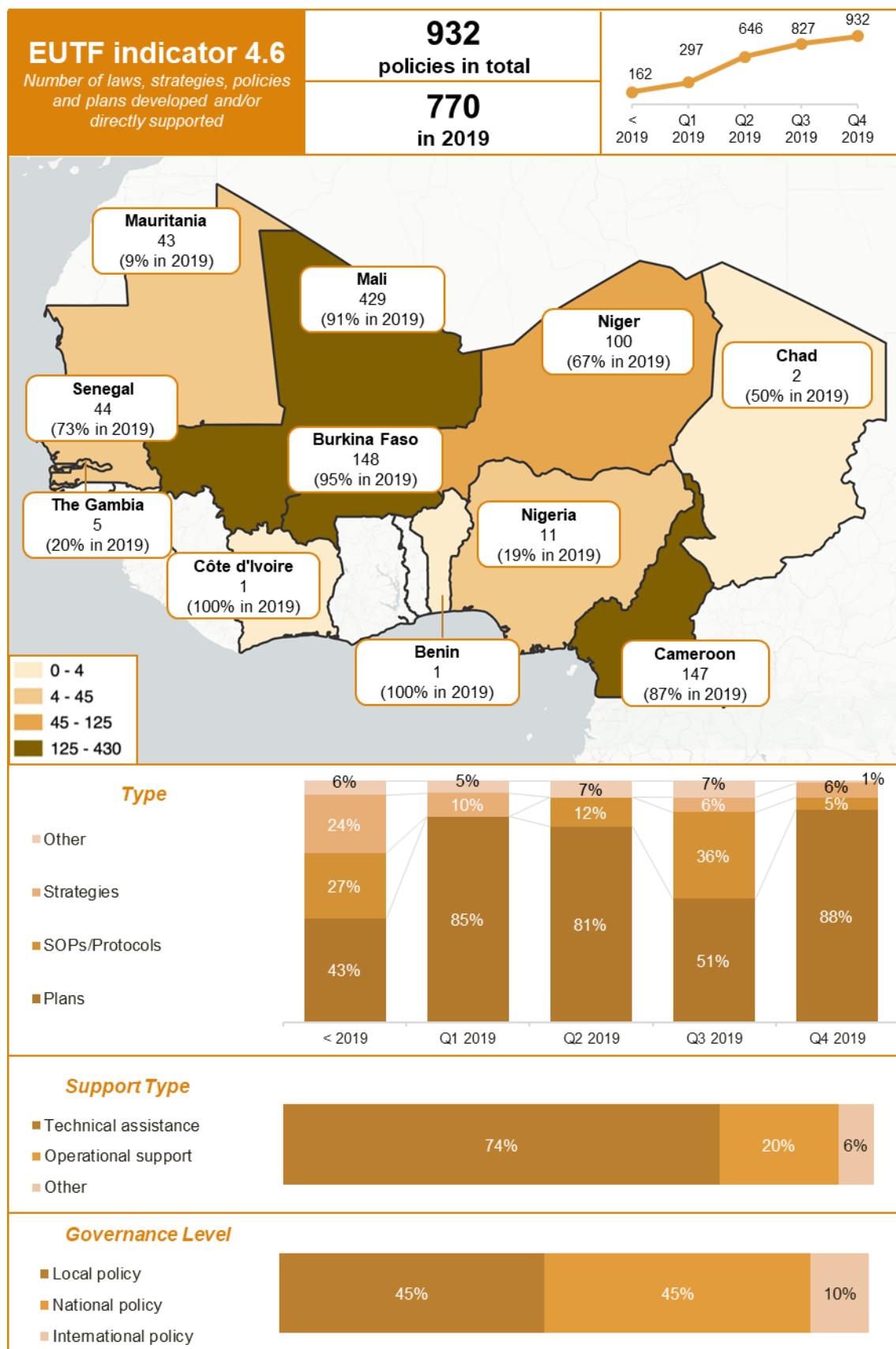
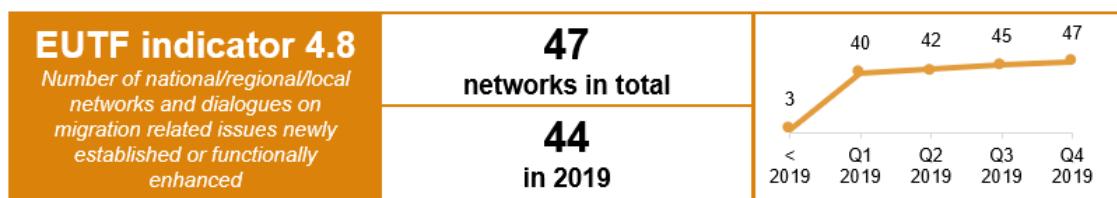


Figure 32: EUTF Indicator 4.8, SLC window, December 2019



¹ The map colour code presents data for outputs who can be disaggregated at national level. Exclusions: 1 policy developed in 2018.

1.3. CHANGES AND CORRECTIONS

1.3.1. STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 1

| Ind | Project | Period | Curr. report | Prev. report | Diff. | Explanation |
|------|-------------------------|---------|--------------|--------------|--------|---------------------------------------|
| 1.1 | A-FIP | 2018 | 0 | 1,370 | -1,370 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 338 | 0 | 338 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 342 | 0 | 342 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 345 | 0 | 345 | Correction from IP |
| 1.2 | DES - LuxDev | 2018 | 31 | 0 | 31 | Correction from IP (mapping revision) |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 6 | 12 | -5 | Correction from IP (mapping revision) |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 6 | 34 | -28 | Correction from IP (mapping revision) |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 4 | 2 | 2 | Correction from IP (mapping revision) |
| 1.3 | Kallo Tchidaniwo | 2018 | 573 | 124 | 450 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 94 | 4 | 90 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 95 | 0 | 95 | Q2 data for project was not included |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 96 | 0 | 96 | Q3 data for project was not included |
| 1.4 | RESILAC | 2019-Q1 | 76 | 0 | 76 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 76 | 138 | -62 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 76 | 0 | 76 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 1,117 | 0 | 1,117 | Correction from IP |
| 1.5 | YEP | 2018 | 326 | 0 | 326 | Correction from IP (mapping revision) |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 64 | 0 | 64 | Correction from IP (mapping revision) |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 65 | 0 | 65 | Correction from IP (mapping revision) |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 44 | 0 | 44 | Correction from IP (mapping revision) |
| 1.6 | INTEGRA ITC | 2019-Q2 | 133 | 160 | -27 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 134 | 161 | -27 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2018 | 0 | 60 | -60 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 5 | 0 | 5 | Correction from IP |
| 1.7 | RESILAC | 2019-Q2 | 5 | 0 | 5 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 5 | 0 | 5 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2018 | 0 | 85 | -85 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 554 | 888 | -334 | Correction from IP (mapping revision) |
| 1.8 | DES - LuxDev | 2019-Q2 | 560 | 2,417 | -1,857 | Correction from IP (mapping revision) |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 382 | 25 | 357 | Correction from IP (mapping revision) |
| | | 2018 | 2,800 | 1,189 | 1,612 | Correction from IP (mapping revision) |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 554 | 888 | -334 | Correction from IP (mapping revision) |
| 1.9 | INTEGRA ITC | 2019-Q2 | 620 | 1,265 | -645 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 626 | 1,279 | -653 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2018 | 0 | 60 | -60 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 102 | 0 | 102 | Correction from IP |
| 1.10 | Kallo Tchidaniwo | 2019-Q2 | 101 | 0 | 101 | Q2 data for project was not included |
| | | 2018 | 0 | 60 | -60 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 465 | 0 | 465 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 250 | 183 | 67 | Correction from IP |
| 1.11 | Shimodu | 2019-Q3 | 250 | 0 | 250 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2018 | 0 | 30 | -30 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 0 | 191 | -191 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 199 | 116 | 83 | Correction from IP |
| 1.12 | YEP | 2018 | 1,877 | 1,840 | 37 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 1,202 | 2,002 | -800 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 2,299 | 1,759 | 540 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 192 | 220 | -28 | Correction from IP |
| 1.13 | DES - LuxDev | 2018 | 9,554 | 5,609 | 3,946 | Correction from IP (mapping revision) |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 1,890 | 3,507 | -1,617 | Correction from IP (mapping revision) |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 1,911 | 9,401 | -7,490 | Correction from IP (mapping revision) |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 1,302 | 8,815 | -7,513 | Correction from IP (mapping revision) |
| 1.14 | INTEGRA ITC | 2019-Q2 | 247 | 264 | -17 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 249 | 266 | -17 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2018 | 3,529 | 559 | 2,970 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 579 | 457 | 122 | Correction from IP |
| 1.15 | Kallo Tchidaniwo | 2019-Q2 | 585 | 0 | 585 | Q2 data for project was not included |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 591 | 0 | 591 | Q3 data for project was not included |
| | | 2018 | 212 | 0 | 212 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 212 | 0 | 212 | Correction from IP |
| 1.16 | RESILAC | 2019-Q2 | 214 | 0 | 214 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2018 | 212 | 0 | 212 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 212 | 0 | 212 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 214 | 0 | 214 | Correction from IP |

| | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------|-----|-----|------|----------------------------------|
| SAFIRE GRET | 2019-Q1 | 33 | 0 | 33 | Project newly included in report |
| | 2019-Q2 | 96 | 0 | 96 | Project newly included in report |
| | 2019-Q3 | 97 | 0 | 97 | Project newly included in report |
| Shimodu | 2019-Q2 | 0 | 34 | -34 | Correction from IP |
| | 2019-Q3 | 0 | 154 | -154 | Correction from IP |
| YEP | 2019-Q3 | 219 | 213 | 6 | Correction from IP |

1.3.2. STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 2

| Ind | Project | Period | Curr. report | Prev. report | Diff. | Explanation |
|------------|--------------------------------|---------|--------------|--------------|---------|--------------------------------------------------|
| 2.1 | PARERBA - Enabel | 2018 | 1 | 2 | -1 | Indicator un-mapping |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 6 | 19 | -13 | Indicator un-mapping |
| | RESILAC | 2019-Q1 | 3 | 0 | 3 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 2 | 5 | -3 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 2 | 0 | 2 | Correction from IP |
| 2.1 bis | IOM JI Mali | 2018 | 0 | 10 | -10 | Change of indicator, from 2.1bis to 3.6 |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 0 | 16 | -16 | Change of indicator, from 2.1bis to 3.6 |
| | Kallo Tchidaniwo | 2018 | 1 | 11 | -10 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 0 | 15 | -15 | Correction from IP |
| | MCN | 2019-Q1 | 0 | 2 | -2 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 0 | 1 | -1 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 0 | 2 | -2 | Correction from IP |
| | ProGEM | 2018 | 18 | 20 | -2 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 11 | 13 | -2 | Correction from IP |
| | Projet du PREFA | 2019-Q1 | 149 | 494 | -345 | Correction from IP |
| | Projet résilience HI | 2019-Q1 | 80 | 113 | -33 | Correction from IP, counting methodology |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 36 | 68 | -32 | Correction from IP, counting methodology |
| | Projet résilience Oxfam | 2018 | 316 | 1,058 | -742 | Methodological change |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 71 | 125 | -54 | Methodological change |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 60 | 50 | 10 | Methodological change |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 61 | 34 | 27 | Methodological change |
| | RESILAC | 2019-Q1 | 8 | 0 | 8 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 9 | 0 | 9 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 10 | 0 | 10 | Correction from IP |
| | Shimodu | 2019-Q3 | 2 | 5 | -3 | Correction from IP |
| 2.2 | Kallo Tchidaniwo | 2018 | 242 | 338 | -96 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 98 | 314 | -216 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 172 | 0 | 172 | Q2 data for project was not included |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 174 | 0 | 174 | Q3 data for project was not included |
| | Projet Diakonia | 2019-Q2 | 3,446 | 563 | 2,883 | Correction from 2.9 to 2.2, counting methodology |
| | RESILAC | 2019-Q1 | 411 | 0 | 411 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 411 | 528 | -117 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 411 | 0 | 411 | Correction from IP |
| | RESILI(A)NT | 2018 | 104,588 | 154,507 | -49,919 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 17,655 | 22,535 | -4,880 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 14,716 | 19,785 | -5,069 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 11,253 | 31,935 | -20,682 | Correction from IP |
| | Shimodu | 2019-Q1 | 35 | 523 | -488 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 1,507 | 67 | 1,440 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 3,840 | 1,225 | 2,615 | Correction from IP |
| 2.3 | KEY LVIA | 2018 | 1,703 | 4,628 | -2,925 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 20,612 | 69,874 | -49,262 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 9,678 | 35,697 | -26,019 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| | Oxfam (RESTE) | 2018 | 18,546 | 35,662 | -17,116 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 0 | 6,794 | -6,794 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |

| | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------------------------------------------|
| | | | | | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| | 2019-Q2 | 5,339 | 8,755 | -3,416 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| | 2019-Q3 | 1,692 | 6,881 | -5,189 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| PRESEC | 2018 | 14,574 | 33,955 | -19,381 | Correction from IP |
| | 2019-Q1 | 4,433 | 15,518 | -11,085 | Correction from IP |
| | 2019-Q2 | 7,989 | 19,110 | -11,121 | Correction from IP |
| | 2019-Q3 | 6,064 | 15,659 | -9,595 | Correction from IP |
| Projet résilience ACF | 2018 | 129,334 | 141,668 | -12,334 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| | 2019-Q1 | 2,807 | 11,123 | -8,316 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| | 2019-Q2 | 1,303 | 5,000 | -3,697 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| Projet résilience HI | 2019-Q1 | 309 | 374 | -65 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| | 2019-Q2 | 1,983 | 2,276 | -293 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| | 2019-Q3 | 298 | 568 | -270 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| Projet résilience LVIA | 2018 | 141,326 | 186,769 | -45,443 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| | 2019-Q1 | 23,833 | 39,470 | -15,637 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| | 2019-Q2 | 35,764 | 76,634 | -40,870 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| | 2019-Q3 | 7,288 | 11,207 | -3,919 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| Projet résilience Oxfam | 2018 | 6,922 | 7,372 | -450 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| | 2019-Q3 | 7,257 | 7,640 | -383 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| Projet résilience TDH | 2018 | 2,703 | 80,918 | -78,215 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| | 2019-Q1 | 0 | 18,625 | -18,625 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| | 2019-Q2 | 410 | 17,496 | -17,086 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| | 2019-Q3 | 1,741 | 27,754 | -26,013 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| RESILI(A)NT | 2018 | 83,120 | 40,713 | 42,407 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| | 2019-Q1 | 9,863 | 5,465 | 4,398 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| | 2019-Q2 | 27,113 | 32,528 | -5,415 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| | 2019-Q3 | 31,160 | 13,914 | 17,246 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| RSAN Matam ACTED | 2018 | 3,360 | 5,358 | -1,998 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| | 2019-Q1 | 0 | 1,998 | -1,998 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| Shimodu | 2019-Q2 | 967 | 0 | 967 | Correction from IP |
| | 2019-Q3 | 868 | 0 | 868 | Correction from IP |
| Yellitaare | 2018 | 64,215 | 84,335 | -20,120 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| | 2019-Q1 | 41,906 | 41,948 | -42 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| | 2019-Q3 | 64,986 | 86,029 | -21,043 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| 2.4 SAFIRE GRET | 2019-Q1 | 47 | 0 | 47 | Project newly included in report |
| | 2019-Q2 | 137 | 0 | 137 | Project newly included in report |
| | 2019-Q3 | 139 | 0 | 139 | Project newly included in report |
| Shimodu | 2019-Q2 | 0 | 417 | -417 | Correction from IP |
| | 2019-Q3 | 981 | 422 | 559 | Correction from IP |
| RESILAC | 2019-Q1 | 12 | 0 | 12 | Correction from IP |
| | 2019-Q2 | 13 | 6 | 7 | Correction from IP |
| | 2019-Q3 | 15 | 0 | 15 | Correction from IP |
| 2.7 KEY LVIA | 2018 | 5,867 | 2,942 | 2,925 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| | 2019-Q2 | 51,597 | 2,335 | 49,262 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |

| | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------|--------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| | | 2019-Q3 | 26,019 | 0 | 26,019 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 |
| Oxfam (RESTE) | 2018 | 21,672 | 4,556 | 17,116 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| | 2019-Q1 | 6,794 | 0 | 6,794 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| | 2019-Q2 | 3,416 | 0 | 3,416 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| | 2019-Q3 | 7,372 | 2,183 | 5,189 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| PAECSIS ENABEL | 2018 | 743 | 0 | 743 | Project newly included in report | |
| | 2019-Q1 | 85 | 0 | 85 | Project newly included in report | |
| | 2019-Q2 | 86 | 0 | 86 | Project newly included in report | |
| | 2019-Q3 | 1,087 | 0 | 1,087 | Project newly included in report | |
| PRESEC | 2018 | 19,381 | 0 | 19,381 | Correction from IP | |
| | 2019-Q1 | 11,085 | 0 | 11,085 | Correction from IP | |
| | 2019-Q2 | 11,121 | 0 | 11,121 | Correction from IP | |
| | 2019-Q3 | 9,595 | 0 | 9,595 | Correction from IP | |
| Projet résilience ACF | 2018 | 100,907 | 88,573 | 12,334 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| | 2019-Q1 | 17,847 | 9,531 | 8,316 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| | 2019-Q2 | 18,950 | 15,253 | 3,697 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| | 2019-Q3 | 270 | 0 | 270 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| Projet résilience HI | 2019-Q1 | 7,558 | 7,493 | 65 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| | 2019-Q2 | 16,450 | 16,157 | 293 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| | 2019-Q3 | 270 | 0 | 270 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| | 2018 | 45,983 | 540 | 45,443 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| Projet résilience LVIA | 2019-Q1 | 15,652 | 15 | 15,637 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| | 2019-Q2 | 40,870 | 0 | 40,870 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| | 2019-Q3 | 3,919 | 0 | 3,919 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| | 2018 | 109,603 | 109,153 | 450 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| Projet résilience Oxfam | 2019-Q3 | 100,906 | 100,523 | 383 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| | 2018 | 81,365 | 3,150 | 78,215 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| Projet résilience TDH | 2019-Q1 | 23,210 | 4,585 | 18,625 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| | 2019-Q2 | 17,236 | 150 | 17,086 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| | 2019-Q3 | 26,013 | 0 | 26,013 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| | 2018 | 23,456 | 15,944 | 7,512 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| RESILI(A)NT | 2019-Q1 | 4,150 | 3,668 | 482 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| | 2019-Q2 | 77,353 | 66,869 | 10,484 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| | 2019-Q3 | 84,194 | 80,758 | 3,436 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| | 2018 | 1,998 | 0 | 1,998 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| RSAN Matam ACTED | 2019-Q1 | 1,998 | 0 | 1,998 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| | 2018 | 917 | 1,718 | -801 | Correction from IP | |
| Shimodu | 2019-Q2 | 917 | 3,224 | -2,306 | Correction from IP | |
| | 2019-Q3 | 1,072 | 0 | 1,072 | Correction from IP | |
| | 2018 | 40,941 | 20,821 | 20,120 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| Yellitaare | 2019-Q1 | 42 | 0 | 42 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| | 2019-Q3 | 25,243 | 4,200 | 21,043 | Methodological change, from 2.3 to 2.7 | |
| | 2018 | 11 | 70 | -59 | Correction from IP | |
| 2.8 | Kallo Tchidaniwo | 2019-Q1 | 2 | 39 | -37 | Correction from IP |

| | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|---------|-----|-------|--------|--------------------------------------------------|
| | | 2019-Q2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | Q2 data for project was not included |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 2 | 0 | 2 | Q3 data for project was not included |
| PARSE | | 2018 | 0 | 361 | -361 | Correction from IP |
| ProGEM | | 2019-Q1 | 96 | 107 | -11 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 88 | 112 | -24 | Correction from IP |
| RESILAC | | 2019-Q1 | 129 | 0 | 129 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 129 | 90 | 39 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 131 | 0 | 131 | Correction from IP |
| SAFIRE GRET | | 2019-Q2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Project newly included in report |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Project newly included in report |
| Shimodu | | 2019-Q2 | 0 | 15 | -15 | Correction from IP |
| | | | | | | Mapping of a previously un-mapped indicator |
| Yellitaare | | 2019-Q2 | 735 | 235 | 500 | |
| 2.9 Kallo Tchidaniwo | | 2019-Q1 | 0 | 4,923 | -4,923 | Correction from IP |
| Projet Diakonia | | 2019-Q2 | 0 | 2,883 | -2,883 | Correction from 2.9 to 2.2, counting methodology |
| Shimodu | | 2019-Q3 | 0 | 3,031 | -3,031 | Correction from IP |

1.3.3. STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 3

| Ind | Project | Period | Curr. report | Prev. report | Diff. | Explanation |
|-----|------------------------------|---------|--------------|--------------|---------|-------------------------------------------|
| 3.3 | DES - Tekki Fii 1 | 2018 | 103,918 | 0 | 103,918 | Mapping of previously un-mapped indicator |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 264,313 | 0 | 264,313 | Mapping of previously un-mapped indicator |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 168,460 | 0 | 168,460 | Mapping of previously un-mapped indicator |
| | IOM JI BF | 2018 | 9,018 | 8,188 | 830 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | IOM JI Cameroon | 2018 | 6,489 | 5,818 | 671 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 2,464 | 2,299 | 165 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | IOM JI Cote d'Ivoire | 2018 | 12,400 | 600 | 11,800 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 150 | 200 | -50 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | IOM JI Ghana | 2018 | 3,164 | 3,158 | 6 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | IOM JI Guinea Bissau | 2018 | 7,285 | 7,278 | 7 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 2,807 | 2,805 | 2 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | IOM JI Guinea Conakry | 2018 | 21,155 | 0 | 21,155 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | IOM JI Mauritania | 2018 | 6,558 | 590 | 5,968 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | IOM JI Niger SURENI | 2019-Q1 | 61,535 | 53,416 | 8,119 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | .Migrations AECID | 2019-Q1 | 18,775 | 0 | 18,775 | Project newly included in report |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 28,160 | 0 | 28,160 | Project newly included in report |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 28,160 | 0 | 28,160 | Project newly included in report |
| | YEP | 2019-Q3 | 11,180 | 74,292 | -63,112 | Correction from IP |
| 3.5 | DES - LuxDev | 2018 | 194 | 254 | -60 | Correction from IP (mapping revision) |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 38 | 21 | 17 | Correction from IP (mapping revision) |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 39 | 22 | 16 | Correction from IP (mapping revision) |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 26 | 0 | 26 | Correction from IP (mapping revision) |
| | IOM JI BF | 2018 | 1,618 | 1,566 | 52 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 162 | 316 | -154 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 182 | 180 | 2 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 233 | 230 | 3 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | IOM JI Cameroon | 2018 | 2,624 | 2,558 | 66 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |

| | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------|--------|--------|--------|-------------------------------------------|
| | | | | | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | 2019-Q1 | 238 | 470 | -232 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | 2019-Q2 | 263 | 256 | 7 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | 2019-Q3 | 288 | 277 | 11 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| IOM JI Chad | 2019-Q3 | 12 | 15 | -3 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| IOM JI Cote d'Ivoire | 2018 | 3,654 | 3,664 | -10 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| IOM JI Gambia | 2018 | 3,716 | 3,703 | 13 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | 2019-Q1 | 176 | 322 | -146 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | 2019-Q2 | 169 | 150 | 19 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | 2019-Q3 | 246 | 251 | -5 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| IOM JI Ghana | 2018 | 942 | 909 | 33 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | 2019-Q1 | 61 | 53 | 8 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | 2019-Q2 | 38 | 53 | -15 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | 2019-Q3 | 105 | 104 | 1 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| IOM JI Guinea Conakry | 2018 | 9,235 | 9,238 | -3 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | 2019-Q1 | 1,147 | 2,240 | -1,093 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| IOM JI Mali | 2018 | 8,847 | 10,307 | -1,460 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | 2019-Q2 | 1,240 | 1,230 | 10 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| IOM JI Mauritania | 2018 | 11 | 16 | -5 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | 2019-Q1 | 4 | 8 | -4 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| IOM JI Niger SURENI | 2019-Q1 | 521 | 476 | 45 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | 2019-Q2 | 343 | 295 | 48 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| | 2019-Q3 | 335 | 443 | -108 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| IOM JI Nigeria | 2018 | 11,495 | 11,494 | 1 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| IOM JI Senegal | 2019-Q1 | 223 | 446 | -223 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| YEP | 2019-Q3 | 7 | 0 | 7 | Correction from IP |
| 3.6 AJUSEN Justice | 2018 | 11 | 1 | 10 | Mapping correction |
| | 2019-Q2 | 11 | 1 | 10 | Mapping correction |
| IOM JI Mali | 2018 | 10 | 0 | 10 | Change of indicator, from 2.1bis to 3.6 |
| | 2019-Q2 | 16 | 0 | 16 | Change of indicator, from 2.1bis to 3.6 |
| MIGRATION AECID | 2018 | 3 | 0 | 3 | Project newly included in report |
| | 2019-Q3 | 19 | 0 | 19 | Project newly included in report |
| 3.7 MIGRATION AECID | 2018 | 25 | 0 | 25 | Project newly included in report |
| 3.11 DES - Tekki Fii 1 | 2018 | 221 | 0 | 221 | Mapping of previously un-mapped indicator |
| | 2019-Q1 | 71 | 0 | 71 | Mapping of previously un-mapped indicator |
| | 2019-Q2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Mapping of previously un-mapped indicator |
| IOM JI BF | 2018 | 20 | 18 | 2 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| IOM JI Cameroon | 2019-Q1 | 31 | 29 | 2 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| IOM JI Cote d'Ivoire | 2018 | 10 | 8 | 2 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| IOM JI Guinea Conakry | 2018 | 672 | 2 | 670 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
| IOM JI Mauritania | 2018 | 13 | 9 | 4 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |

| | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---------|-------|-------|-----|-------------------------------------------|
| IOM JI Niger SURENI | 2019-Q1 | 1,173 | 1,044 | 129 | Correction from IP (updated IOM document) |
|----------------------------|---------|-------|-------|-----|-------------------------------------------|

1.3.4. STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 4

| Ind | Project | Period | Curr. report | Prev. report | Diff. | Explanation |
|-----|------------------------------|---------|--------------|--------------|-------|-------------------------------------|
| 4.2 | AJUSEN Justice | 2018 | 357 | 352 | 5 | Mapping correction |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 90 | 85 | 5 | Mapping correction |
| | GAR-SI Mauritania | 2019-Q2 | 40 | 132 | -92 | Correction to avoid double counting |
| | PAECSIS ENABEL | 2018 | 55 | 0 | 55 | Project newly included in report |
| | RESILAC | 2019-Q1 | 534 | 0 | 534 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 533 | 0 | 533 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 534 | 0 | 534 | Correction from IP |
| | SECGEF | 2019-Q1 | 20 | 0 | 20 | Project newly included in report |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 20 | 0 | 20 | Project newly included in report |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 20 | 0 | 20 | Project newly included in report |
| | RESILAC | 2019-Q1 | 26 | 0 | 26 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 26 | 0 | 26 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 28 | 0 | 28 | Correction from IP |
| | SECGEF | 2019-Q1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Project newly included in report |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Project newly included in report |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Project newly included in report |
| | ProGEF | 2019-Q1 | 2 | 0 | 2 | Correction from IP |
| 4.3 | La Voix des Jeunes II | 2019-Q2 | 23 | 25 | -2 | Correction from IP |
| | RESILAC | 2019-Q1 | 850 | 0 | 850 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 290 | 870 | -580 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 290 | 0 | 290 | Correction from IP |
| 4.5 | La Voix des Jeunes II | 2019-Q2 | 0 | 8 | -8 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 0 | 15 | -15 | Correction from IP |
| 4.6 | PAECSIS ENABEL | 2018 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Project newly included in report |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 3 | 0 | 3 | Project newly included in report |
| | RESILAC | 2019-Q3 | 2 | 0 | 2 | Correction from IP |

1.3.5. CROSS-CUTTING INDICATORS

| Ind | Project | Period | Curr. report | Prev. report | Diff. | Explanation |
|-----|-------------------------|---------|--------------|--------------|-------|---------------------------------------|
| 5.1 | INTEGRA ITC | 2019-Q2 | 4 | 0 | 3 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 4 | 1 | 4 | Correction from IP |
| | Pôles ruraux | 2019-Q3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Mapping correction |
| | INTEGRA ITC | 2019-Q2 | 4 | 0 | 3 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 4 | 1 | 4 | Correction from IP |
| | Kallo Tchidaniwo | 2018 | 5 | 30 | -25 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Q2 data for project was not included |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Q3 data for project was not included |
| | MIGRATION AECID | 2018 | 2 | 0 | 2 | Project newly included in report |
| | PAECSIS ENABEL | 2019-Q1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Project newly included in report |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 5 | 0 | 5 | Project newly included in report |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 7 | 0 | 7 | Project newly included in report |
| | RESILAC | 2019-Q1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 0 | 9 | -9 | Correction from IP |
| | Shimodu | 2019-Q1 | 4 | 0 | 4 | Correction from IP |
| | DES - LuxDev | 2018 | 2 | 1 | 1 | Correction from IP (mapping revision) |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 0 | 1 | -1 | Correction from IP (mapping revision) |
| | INTEGRA ITC | 2019-Q2 | 4 | 0 | 3 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 4 | 1 | 4 | Correction from IP |
| | RESILAC | 2019-Q1 | 3 | 0 | 3 | Correction from IP |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 0 | 1 | -1 | Correction from IP |
| | SAFIRE GRET | 2019-Q1 | 2 | 0 | 2 | Project newly included in report |
| | | 2019-Q2 | 5 | 0 | 5 | Project newly included in report |
| | | 2019-Q3 | 6 | 0 | 6 | Project newly included in report |

1.4. NEW PROJECTS IN THE REPORT

1.4.1. REGIONAL

GAR-SI Chad

The project *Groupes d'Action Rapides – Surveillance et Intervention au Sahel – Chad* (GAR-SI Chad) is the Chadian component of the GAR-SI programme, active in the five G5 Sahel countries and Senegal. Through the progressive creation, training, dotation and mentoring of national gendarmerie units (composed of 120 to 140 persons), it specifically aims at 1) increasing the capabilities of national security forces, in terms of intervention and prevention; and 2) improving conditions for cross-border and regional cooperation across targeted countries.

Table 1: GAR-SI Chad (project)

Key facts and figures

| | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Full project name | <i>GAR-SI SAHEL (Groupes d'Action Rapides – Surveillance et Intervention au Sahel) - Tchad</i> |
| Short project name | GAR-SI Chad |
| Location(s) of implementation | Chad (national) |
| EUTF budget | €6,300,499 |
| Main IP(s) | FIIAPP |
| Start date | March 2019 |
| End date | October 2020 |

1.4.2. BURKINA FASO

TUUMA

The project TUUMA is implemented in several provinces in the north of Burkina Faso, particularly in the border region with Mali, a particularly sensitive area in socio-economic, political and security terms. It aims to improve economic opportunities, and targets young people aged between 15 and 34 and women. More specifically, the project aims to strengthen entrepreneurship and technical skills of the targeted groups in order to develop income-generating activities and job creation in rural areas.

Table 2: TUUMA (project)

Key facts and figures

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Full project name | <i>TUUMA - Appui à la compétence professionnelle, l'entrepreneuriat et l'emploi des jeunes et des femmes dans les régions rurales du Burkina Faso</i> |
| Short project name | TUUMA |
| Location(s) of implementation | Burkina Faso (Cascades, Hauts Bassins, Boucle du Mouhoun, North, Sahel) |
| EUTF budget | €8,000,000 |
| Main IP(s) | ADA |

| | |
|-------------------|--------------|
| Start date | January 2018 |
| End date | June 2021 |

PEV Renforcement de l'Etat sur le fait religieux

This project aims to strengthen the system for monitoring religious dynamics involving local stakeholders, authorities, local elected representatives, religious leaders and the faith-based media. The aim is to prepare for the establishment and development of a system of monitoring of religious events which involves the local actors mentioned above by strengthening their capacities and inter-religious dialogue.

Table 3: PEV *Renf. de l'Etat sur le fait religieux* (project)

| Key facts and figures | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| Full project name | <i>Renforcement de l'Etat sur le fait religieux</i> |
| Short project name | <i>PEV Renf. de l'Etat sur le fait religieux</i> |
| Location(s) of implementation | Burkina Faso (Boucle du Mouhoun, North, Sahel) |
| EUTF budget | €140,000 |
| Main IP(s) | DGLPAP |
| Start date | October 2018 |
| End date | October 2020 |

PEV MLAL Ensemble pour le dialogue

The project is a pilot action to prevent and combat violent extremism by promoting and strengthening social cohesion in the north of Burkina Faso through the promotion of dialogue. More specifically, it aims to strengthen intra/inter-religious and community dialogue, and increase the responsibility of civil society, state services and political parties in the Hauts Bassins Region and in the cities of Bobo-Dioulasso and Ouagadougou for reinvigorated social cohesion.

Table 4: PEV *MLAL Ensemble pour le dialogue* (project)

| Key facts and figures | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Full project name | <i>Progettomondo MLAL Ensemble Pour Le Dialogue! Prévention De L'Extrémisme Violent Autochtone À Travers La Promotion Du Dialogue Interreligieux Et Intercommunautaire, De La Base Aux Institutions Publiques</i> |
| Short project name | <i>PEV MLAL Ensemble pour le dialogue</i> |
| Location(s) of implementation | Burkina Faso (Hauts-Bassins, Centre) |
| EUTF budget | €140,000 |
| Main IP(s) | DGLPAP |
| Start date | January 2018 |
| End date | June 2021 |

PEV SEMFILM

The general objective of the project is to stimulate social cohesion and encourage promotion of inter- and intra-community and religious dialogue in the eastern region of Burkina Faso. More specifically, the

project has four objectives, to: (1) favour listening and free expression of communities, particularly of young people in the region; (2) raise awareness on social cohesion, through messages of tolerance and living together; (3) create permanent frameworks for the population groups and the public authorities to exchange more easily and; (4) reinforce the capacities of young people to perpetuate the actions undertaken.

Table 5: PEV SEMFILM (project)

Key facts and figures

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Full project name | <i>Projet d'accompagnement des consortia dans le cadre de la mise en œuvre du programme FFU-PEV</i> |
| Short project name | <i>PEV SEMFILM</i> |
| Location(s) of implementation | Burkina Faso (Est) |
| EUTF budget | €140,000 |
| Main IP(s) | DGLPAP |
| Start date | March 2019 |
| End date | June 2021 |

1.4.3. CHAD

DIZA Zone Est

The DIZA *Est* project is a €7 million project implemented by Concern Worldwide. The general objective of DIZA *Est* is to promote inclusive economic and social development in three border regions in the eastern part of Chad (Sila, Salamat, Ouaddaï), where many refugees are present as a consequence of neighbour countries' past and ongoing conflicts. Concretely, the project aims at enhancing the provision of basic services for refugees, displaced persons and host communities through increased access to education, water and health services. Vocational training in cooperation with regional and local authorities is also implemented in order to facilitate the socio-economic integration of fragile people and to maximise economic opportunities. Lastly, the project favours local dialogue between different communities.

Table 6: DIZA Zone Est (project)

Key facts and figures

| | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Full project name | DIZA Zone Est |
| Short project name | DIZA Est |
| Location(s) of implementation | Sila, Salamat, Ouaddaï |
| EUTF budget | €7,000,000 |
| Main IP(s) | Concern |
| Start date | January 2019 |
| End date | January 2022 |

Sensibilisation WASH (RESTE)

The project *Sensibilisation WASH (RESTE)* is a €1,199,402 project implemented by Oxfam as part of the wider RESTE program. It has two main goals: (1) sensitizing populations over management of hydraulic pieces, and (2) identifying people able to repair drills and wells. These two goals overlap with two EUTF indicators, to which the project contributes: number of staff from local authorities and basic

service providers benefiting from capacity building to strengthen service delivery (indicator 2.8) and number of multi-stakeholder groups and learning mechanisms formed and regularly gathering (indicator 5.1).

Table 7: Sensibilisation WASH (RESTE) (project)

| Key facts and figures | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Full project name | <i>Campagne de sensibilisation WASH et de mise en place d'une méthodologie de sensibilisation adaptée à l'utilisation rationnelle des latrines communautaires</i> |
| Short project name | Sensibilisation WASH (RESTE) |
| Location(s) of implementation | Lac, Hadjer Jamis |
| EUTF budget | €1,199,402 |
| Main IP(s) | Oxfam |
| Start date | March 2019 |
| End date | June 2021 |

Sécurité et Gestion des Frontières (SECGEF)

The project SECGEF is a €10 million budget support directly supporting the Chadian government. It has three main goals: (1) increase security, (2) enhance the capabilities of public administration regarding the rule of law, and (3) improve border management. Its concrete actions include providing support to state institutions dealing with security and protection of civilians, training individuals from the Chadian security forces and constructing border stations.

Table 8: SECGEF (project)

| Key facts and figures | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| Full project name | <i>Sécurité et gestion des frontières</i> |
| Short project name | SECGEF |
| Location(s) of implementation | national |
| EUTF budget | €10,000,000 |
| Main IP(s) | Budget support |
| Start date | January 2019 |
| End date | December 2019 |

1.4.4. MALI

Migration AECID

The *Projet d'information et de sensibilisation sur les risques et dangers de la migration irrégulière et de promotion de la libre circulation dans l'espace CEDEAO* is a €3.2M project implemented by AECID in Mali. The project is implemented in the regions of origin of Kayes and Sikasso and in the Bamako district. The project aims first to support information campaigns on the risks of irregular migration, through capacity building of the MMEIA¹ as well as direct sensitisation activities. Second, the project

¹ Ministère des Maliens de l'Extérieur et de l'Intégration Africaine i.e. Ministry for Malians abroad and for African integration.

aims to improve knowledge of free movement laws within ECOWAS both among the population and by training relevant stakeholders (local communities, security agents, and transportation actors).

Table 9: Migration AECID (project)

| Key facts and figures | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Full project name | <i>Projet d'information et de sensibilisation sur les risques et dangers de la migration irrégulière et de promotion de la libre circulation dans l'espace CEDEAO</i> |
| Short project name | Migration AECID |
| Location(s) of implementation | Bamako district, Kayes, Sikasso |
| EUTF budget | €3,200,000 |
| Main IP(s) | AECID |
| Start date | February 2018 |
| End date | January 2021 |

PAECSIS ENABEL

The *Programme d'appui au fonctionnement de l'état civil au Mali: appui à la mise en place d'un système d'information sécurisé - Enabel* is the €17M component of the PAECSIS programme, implemented by Enabel (the other component is implemented by Civipol). The project aims to reinforce civil registration at the national and local level, through training of all stakeholders and support to the development of texts and plans for the improvement of civil registration services. The project also conducts sensitisation activities aimed at the population on the importance of civil registration.

Table 10: PAECSIS Enabel (project)

| Key facts and figures | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Full project name | <i>Programme d'appui au fonctionnement de l'état civil au Mali: appui à la mise en place d'un système d'information sécurisé - Enabel</i> |
| Short project name | PAECSIS Enabel |
| Location(s) of implementation | Mali (national) |
| EUTF budget | €17,000,000 |
| Main IP(s) | Enabel |
| Start date | November 2017 |
| End date | November 2021 |

1.4.5. MAURITANIA

Three additional projects have been included in the MLS report in Mauritania. The projects described below are all part of the €10M *Programme de renforcement de la résilience des communautés urbaines et rurales vulnérables en Mauritanie (SAFIRE)*. Its three components (projects) are:

- *Résilience Communautaire et Institutionnelle pour l'Insertion Economique et Sociale des Jeunes et des Femmes à Nouakchott, au Hodh El Chargui et Hodh El Gharbi, en Mauritanie (SAFIRE Oxfam)*
- *Renforcer les populations vulnérables par l'insertion professionnelle, le développement agropastoral et para-agricole et l'amélioration à la résilience face à l'insécurité alimentaire et au changement climatique (SAFIRE CRF)*

- *Projet d'appui à l'inclusion économique et sociale pour la stabilité et l'emploi des jeunes en Mauritanie – PIESSE (SAFIRE PIESSE – GRET)*

SAFIRE OXFAM

SAFIRE Oxfam is a €4M project implemented by Oxfam in Nouakchott and the eastern Hodh El Gharbi and Hodh ech Chargui regions of Mauritania. The project aims to reinforce urban-rural linkages through a twofold action: first, it provides economic opportunities to women and youth through job creation and IGAs, mostly in the agricultural sector; second, it aims to strengthen resilience against food insecurity and malnutrition through trainings and enhanced seed distribution.

Table 11: SAFIRE Oxfam (project)

Key facts and figures

| | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Full project name | <i>Résilience Communautaire et Institutionnelle pour l'Insertion Economique et Sociale des Jeunes et des Femmes à Nouakchott, au Hodh El Chargui et Hodh El Gharbi, en Mauritanie (SAFIRE Oxfam)</i> |
| Short project name | SAFIRE Oxfam |
| Location(s) of implementation | Hodh El Gharbi, Hodh ech Chargui, Nouakchott |
| EUTF budget | €4,000,000 |
| Main IP(s) | Oxfam |
| Start date | February 2019 |
| End date | February 2023 |

SAFIRE CRF

SAFIRE CRF is a €3M project implemented by the French Red Cross (CRF) in Nouakchott and the southern regions of Gorgol and Guidimaka. Like the SAFIRE Oxfam project, it aims to reinforce urban-rural linkages by strengthening vulnerable populations' resilience to food insecurity and malnutrition through trainings and enhanced food production, as well as creating employment opportunities in the agricultural sector. It also organises agro-cultural activities to inform Mauritanians on resilience practices.

Table 12: SAFIRE CRF (project)

Key facts and figures

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Full project name | <i>Renforcer les populations vulnérables par l'insertion professionnelle, le développement agropastoral et para-agricole et l'amélioration à la résilience face à l'insécurité alimentaire et au changement climatique (SAFIRE CRF)</i> |
| Short project name | SAFIRE CRF |
| Location(s) of implementation | Gorgol, Guidimaka, Nouakchott |
| EUTF budget | €3,000,000 |
| Main IP(s) | French Red Cross (CRF) |
| Start date | Mars 2019 |
| End date | February 2023 |

SAFIRE GRET

SAFIRE GRET is a €3M project implemented by GRET in Brakna, Trarza, Gorgol, and Nouakchott. Like the two other aforementioned SAFIRE projects, it aims to reinforce urban-rural linkages through job creation, IGAs and vocational training in the sector of the green economy and participation to *chantiers-écoles paysans* or on-the-job training on field farms.

Table 13: SAFIRE GRET (project)

| Key facts and figures | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Full project name | <i>Projet d'appui à l'inclusion économique et sociale pour la stabilité et l'emploi des jeunes en Mauritanie- PIESSE (SAFIRE PIESSE - GRET)</i> |
| Short project name | SAFIRE GRET |
| Location(s) of implementation | Brakna, Nouakchott |
| EUTF budget | €3,000,000 |
| Main IP(s) | GRET |
| Start date | February 2019 |
| End date | February 2023 |

1.4.6. NIGER

An additional project has been included in this MLS report in Niger. The project, described below, is part of the €30M programme *Création d'emplois et d'opportunités économiques à travers une gestion durable de l'environnement dans les zones de transit et départ au Niger*. The programme has three components (projects) :

- *Les jeunes entreprennent et s'emploient au Niger* (JEEN) described below,
- *Programme de création d'emplois et d'opportunités économiques à travers une gestion durable de l'environnement dans les zones de départ et de transit du Niger* (DURAZINDER), implemented by Enabel and,
- *Durabilité de l'Environnement et Stabilisation Economique sur la Route de Transit* (D.E.S.E.R.T) implemented by AICS.

JEEN

Les jeunes entreprennent et s'emploient au Niger (JEEN) is a €8.865M project implemented by SNV World in the Tahoua and Zinder regions of Niger. The project aims to provide economic opportunities to young Nigeriens, including returnees, as an alternative to irregular migration. The project supports the training of youth both on entrepreneurship skills and technical capacities in the agribusiness sector. The project will also support access to arable land for the trained youth and the establishment of a sound financial investment sector to support agribusiness opportunities for the youth.

Table 14: JEEN (project)

Key facts and figures

| | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| Full project name | <i>Les Jeunes entreprennent et s'emploient au Niger</i> |
| Short project name | JEEN |
| Location(s) of implementation | Tahoua, Zinder |
| EUTF budget | €8,865,000 |

Main IP(s)
Start date
End date

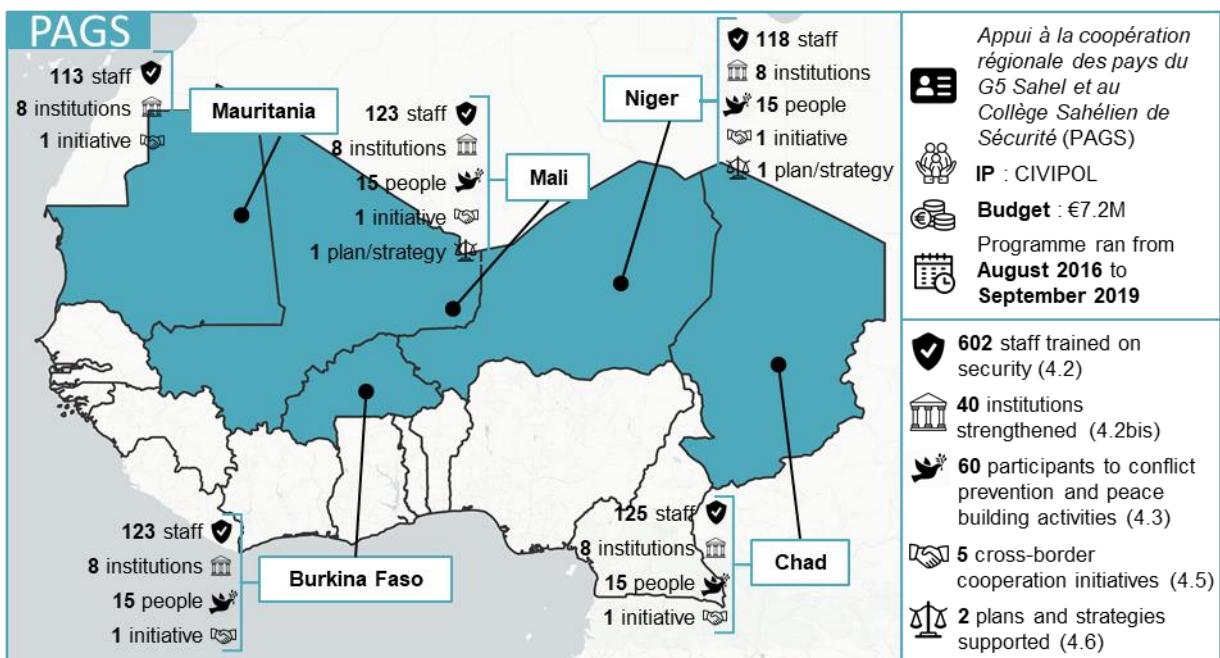
SNV World
December 2018
December 2021

1.5. COMPLETED PROGRAMMES IN 2019

1.5.1. REGIONAL

PAGS

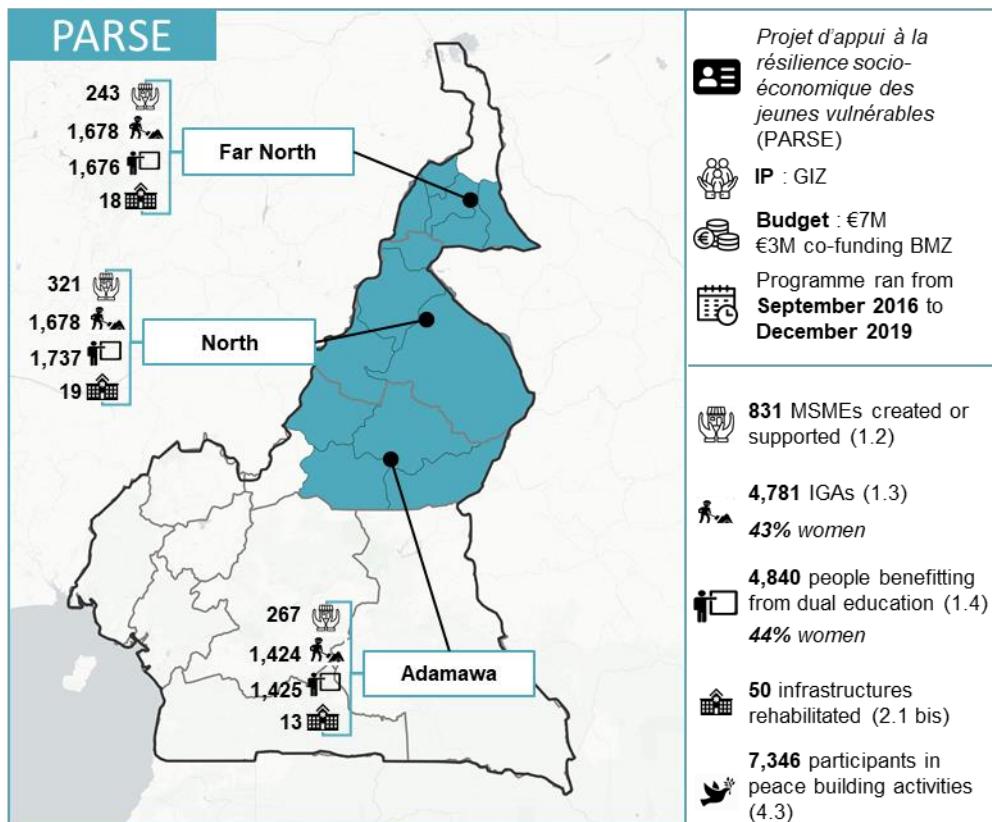
Figure 33: PAGS Programme – Key facts and outputs dashboard



1.5.2. CAMEROON

PARSE

Figure 34: PARSE Programme – Key facts and outputs dashboard^{1,2}



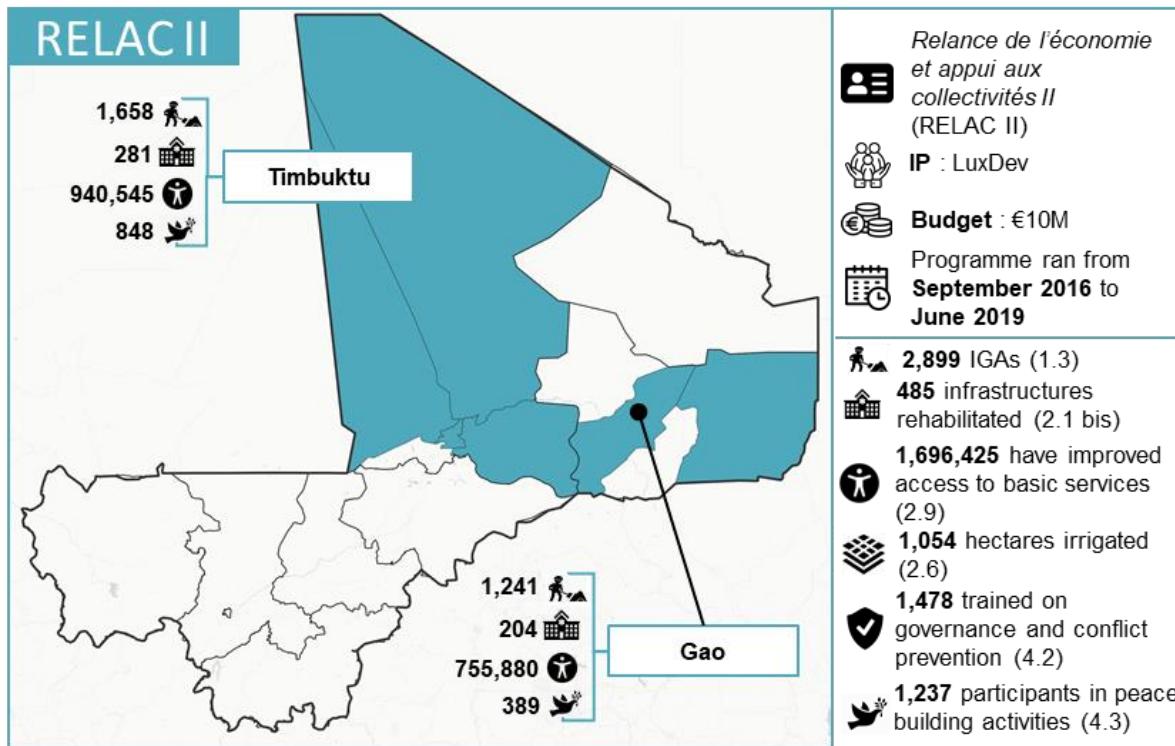
¹ The PARSE programme has also provided output data for indicator 1.1: Number of jobs created, which are not presented here.

² In Q4 2019, one beneficiary of IGA (1.3) and two beneficiaries of TVET (1.4) were reported by the programme that are not represented on the map.

1.5.3. MALI

RELAC II

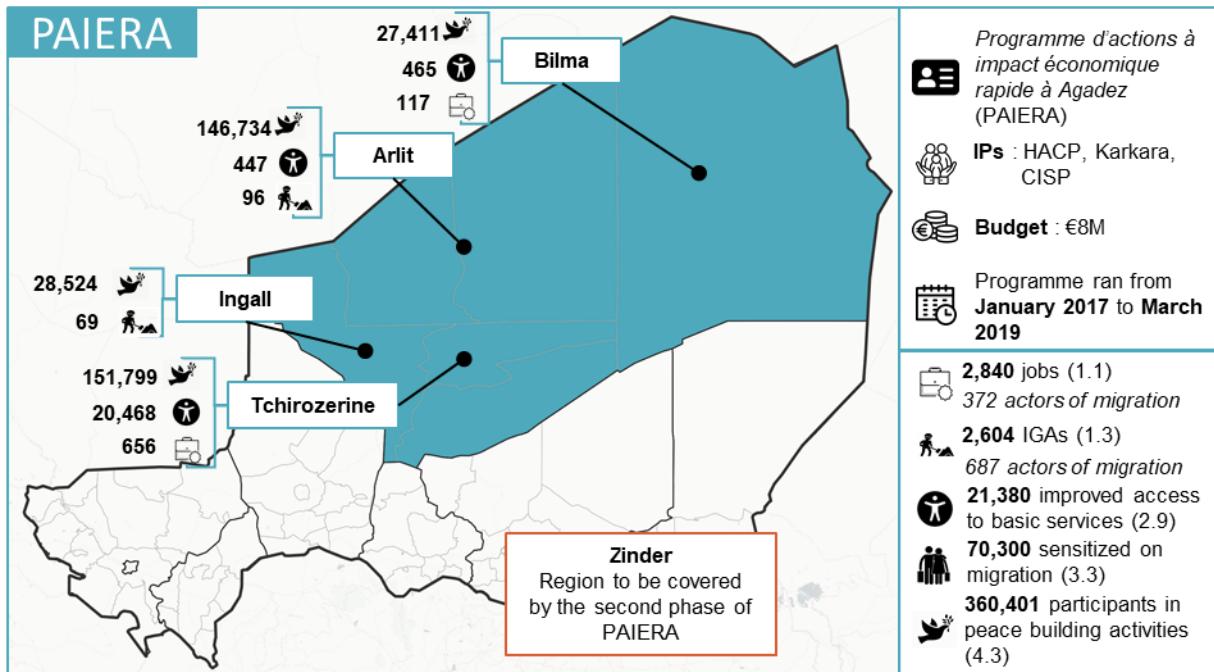
Figure 35: RELAC II programme – Key facts and outputs dashboard



1.5.4. NIGER

PAIERA

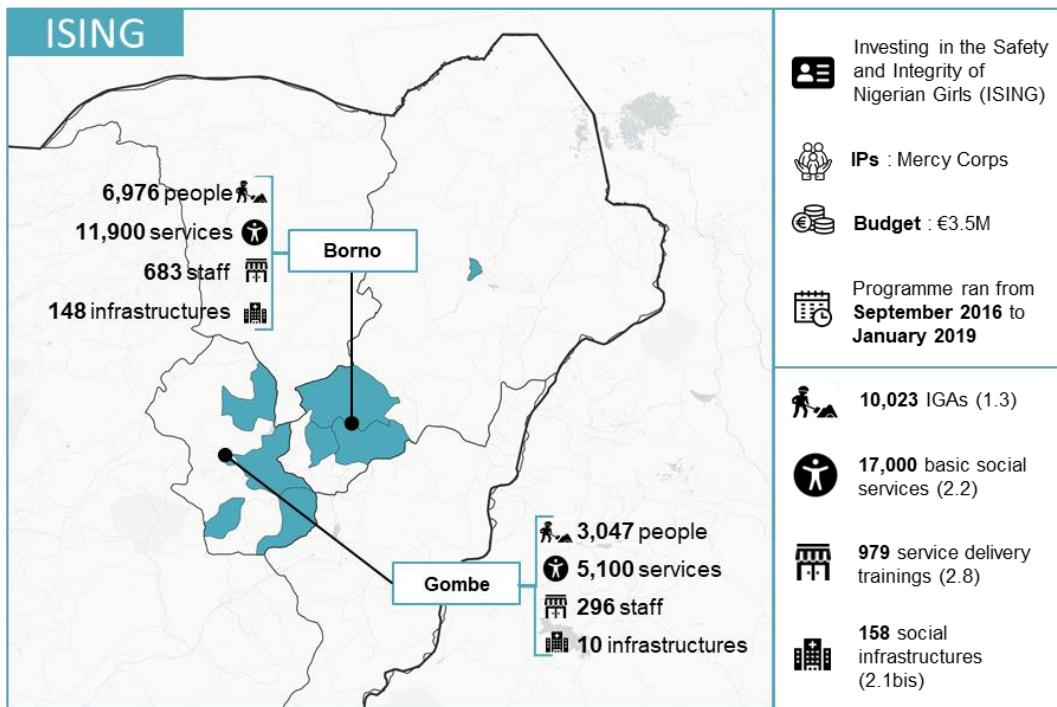
Figure 36: PAIERA programme – Key facts and outputs dashboard



1.5.5. NIGERIA

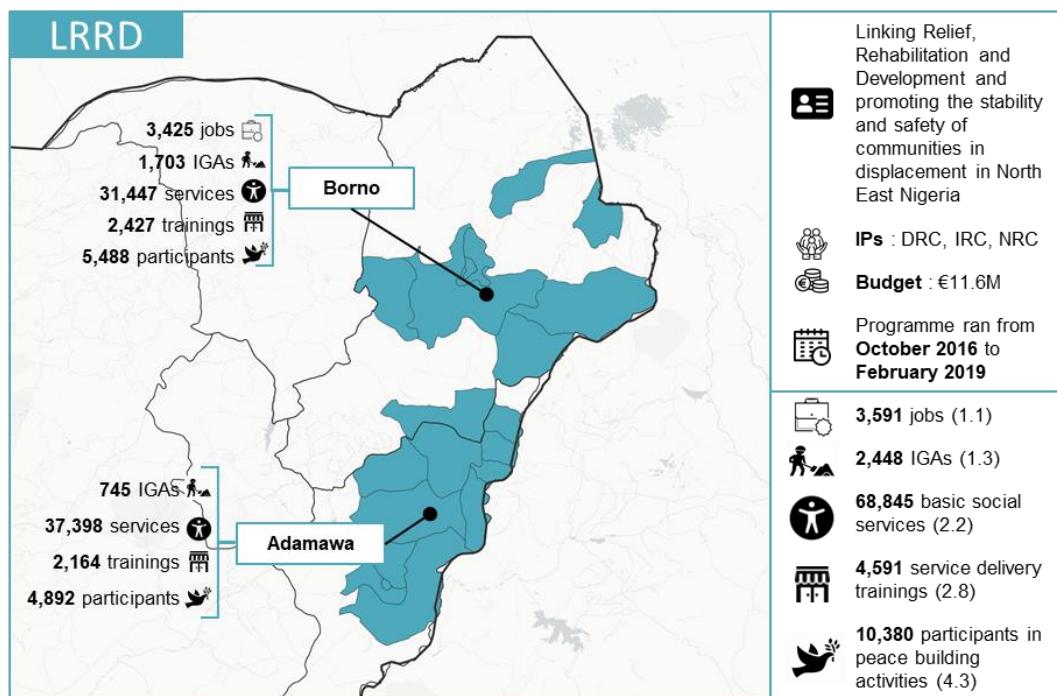
ISING

Figure 37: ISING programme – Key facts and outputs dashboard



LRRD

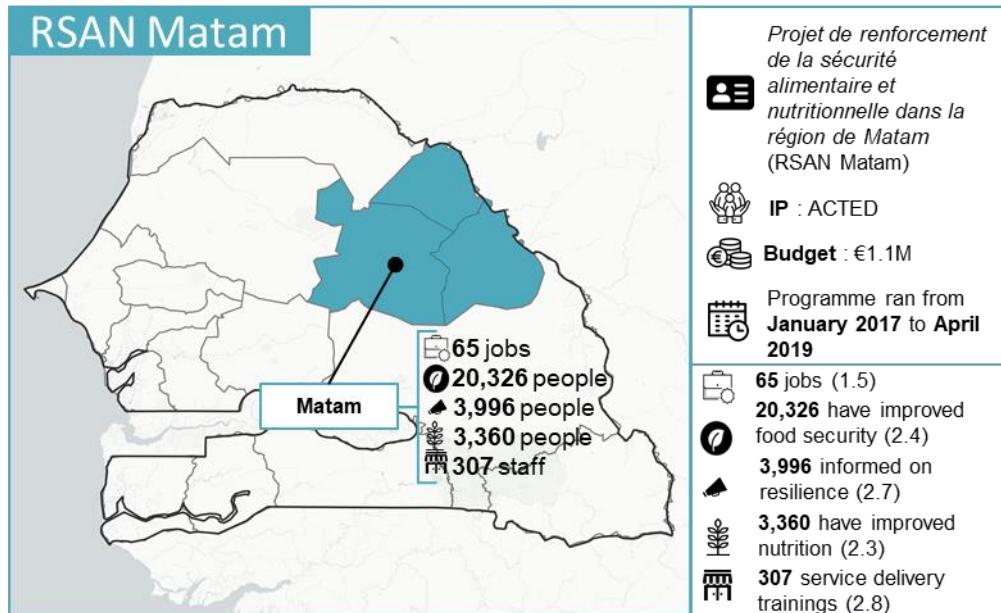
Figure 38: LRRD programme – Key facts and outputs dashboard



1.5.6. SENEGAL

RSAN Matam

Figure 39: RSAN Matam programme – Key facts and outputs dashboard



2. INDEX

2.1. TABLES

| | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| Table 1: GAR-SI Chad (project) | 41 |
| Table 2: TUUMA (project) | 41 |
| Table 3: PEV <i>Renf. de l'Etat sur le fait religieux</i> (project) | 42 |
| Table 4: PEV MLAL <i>Ensemble pour le dialogue</i> (project) | 42 |
| Table 5: PEV SEMFILM (project) | 43 |
| Table 6: DIZA <i>Zone Est</i> (project) | 43 |
| Table 7: <i>Sensibilisation WASH</i> (RESTE) (project) | 44 |
| Table 8: SECGEF (project) | 44 |
| Table 9: Migration AECID (project) | 45 |
| Table 10: PAECSIS Enabel (project) | 45 |
| Table 11: SAFIRE Oxfam (project) | 46 |
| Table 12: SAFIRE CRF (project) | 46 |
| Table 13: SAFIRE GRET (project) | 47 |
| Table 14: JEEN (project) | 47 |

2.2. FIGURES

| | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| Figure 1: EUTF Indicator 1.1, SLC window, December 2019..... | 6 |
| Figure 2: EUTF Indicator 1.2, SLC window, December 2019..... | 7 |
| Figure 3: EUTF Indicator 1.3, SLC window, December 2019..... | 8 |
| Figure 4: EUTF Indicator 1.4, SLC window, December 2019..... | 9 |
| Figure 5: EUTF Indicator 1.5, SLC window, December 2019..... | 10 |
| Figure 6: EUTF Indicator 1.6, SLC window, December 2019..... | 11 |
| Figure 7: EUTF Indicator 2.1, SLC window, December 2019..... | 12 |
| Figure 8: EUTF Indicator 2.1 bis, SLC window, December 2019 | 12 |
| Figure 9: EUTF Indicator 2.2, SLC window, December 2019..... | 13 |
| Figure 10: EUTF Indicator 2.3, SLC window, December 2019..... | 14 |
| Figure 11: EUTF Indicator 2.4, SLC window, December 2019..... | 15 |
| Figure 12: EUTF Indicator 2.5, SLC window, December 2019..... | 15 |
| Figure 13: EUTF Indicator 2.6, SLC window, December 2019..... | 16 |
| Figure 14: EUTF Indicator 2.7, SLC window, December 2019..... | 17 |
| Figure 15: EUTF Indicator 2.8, SLC window, December 2019..... | 18 |
| Figure 16: EUTF Indicator 2.9, SLC window, December 2019..... | 19 |
| Figure 17: EUTF Indicator 3.1, SLC window, December 2019..... | 20 |
| Figure 18: EUTF Indicator 3.2, SLC window, December 2019..... | 20 |
| Figure 19: EUTF Indicator 3.3, SLC window, December 2019..... | 21 |
| Figure 20: EUTF Indicator 3.4, SLC window, December 2019..... | 22 |
| Figure 21: EUTF Indicator 3.5, SLC window, December 2019..... | 23 |
| Figure 22: EUTF Indicator 3.6, SLC window, December 2019..... | 24 |

| | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| Figure 23: EUTF Indicator 3.7, SLC window, December 2019..... | 25 |
| Figure 24: EUTF Indicator 3.8, SLC window, December 2019..... | 26 |
| Figure 25: EUTF Indicator 3.10, SLC window, December 2019..... | 26 |
| Figure 26: EUTF Indicator 4.1, SLC window, December 2019..... | 27 |
| Figure 27: EUTF Indicator 4.2, SLC window, December 2019..... | 28 |
| Figure 28: EUTF Indicator 4.2 bis, SLC window, December 2019 | 29 |
| Figure 29: EUTF Indicator 4.3, SLC window, December 2019..... | 30 |
| Figure 30: EUTF Indicator 4.5, SLC window, December 2019..... | 31 |
| Figure 31: EUTF Indicator 4.6, SLC window, December 2019..... | 32 |
| Figure 32: EUTF Indicator 4.8, SLC window, December 2019..... | 33 |
| Figure 33: PAGS Programme – Key facts and outputs dashboard | 48 |
| Figure 34: PARSE Programme – Key facts and outputs dashboard | 49 |
| Figure 35: RELAC II programme – Key facts and outputs dashboard | 50 |
| Figure 36: PAIERA programme – Key facts and outputs dashboard | 51 |
| Figure 37: ISING programme – Key facts and outputs dashboard..... | 52 |
| Figure 38: LRRD programme – Key facts and outputs dashboard..... | 52 |
| Figure 39: RSAN Matam programme – Key facts and outputs dashboard | 53 |