DISCLAIMER

This is a living document which will be further refined as the EU Trust Fund progresses in the establishment of its performance monitoring system. The results monitoring system of the EU Emergency Trust Fund for stability and addressing root causes of irregular migration and displaced persons in Africa is intended to be coherent with the corporate results monitoring system.

EU EMERGENCY TRUST FUND FOR STABILITY AND ADDRESSING ROOT CAUSES OF IRREGULAR MIGRATION AND DISPLACED PERSONS IN AFRICA "RESULTS FRAMEWORK"						
EXPECTED RESULTS	INDICATORS	MEANS OF VERIFICATION				
OVERALL OBJECTIVE						
Improved stability, migration	Rule of law index	World Bank Governance index				
management and development in	Economic productivity (for example GDP growth, level of inflation, rate of	UN reports, national statistics				
the region ¹	employment)					
	Income levels (disaggregated by sex, age, locality)	World Bank				
	Gender inequality	UN Gender Inequality Index (GII),				
		OECD Social Institutions and Gender				
		Index (SIGI)				
Area of intervention 1: GREATER ECO	DNOMIC AND EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES					
1.1 Employment opportunities	Number of jobs created (disaggregated by sex, age, sector, locality) from projects	Data generated from programmes				
created	and programmes	implemented under the Trust Fund				
1.2 Vocational training	Number of people having completed vocational training (disaggregated by sex and	Data generated from programmes				
opportunities created	age)	implemented under the Trust Fund				
1.3 Greater economic productivity	Number of small enterprises by locality, sector (including numbers of them created	Data generated from programmes				
	by women, different age groups)	implemented under the Trust Fund				
	Productivity (crop yield per hectare number of hectares of agricultural/pastoral land	National statistics and food security				
	under sustainable practices) in main value chains in vulnerable communities	surveys				
Area of intervention 2: STRENGTHEN PEOPLE	IING RESILIENCE OF COMMUNITIES AND IN PARTICULAR THE MOST VULNERABLE, AS W	ELL AS REFUGEES AND DISPLACED				
2.1 Increased food security	Number of people (disaggregated by sex, age, and locality), as well as refugees and	National and international statistics,				
	displaced people, receiving food security-related assistance	and reports from international				

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¹ The overall objective (and their associated indicators) look at general development progress, i.e. the medium and long term development outcomes/impact which result from the collective action of the partner countries, donors and other development actors This sets the operational context in which the results of EU projects and programmes should be seen. Progress at this level is by its nature slow moving. Indicators at this level have been agreed by the international community (for example Millennium Development Indicators) and draw on data sourced from international organisations.

		humanitarian agencies		
2.2 Increased access to basic services	Number of people from vulnerable communities (disaggregated by sex, age and locality), as well as refugees and displaced people, with access to basic social services such as health, education, hygiene-water-sanitation, reproductive and sexual health care services	National and regional statistics		
2.3 Government commitment to strategies designed to increase resilience to natural and humaninduced shocks, especially in vulnerable communities, including women, youth, refugees and displaced persons	Number of countries with national resilience strategies drafted or implemented (covering specific gender and age aspects, environment, market access, livelihoods, pastoralism, research, conflict prevention, institutional capacity)	Government documentation, regional organisations' reports		
Area of intervention 3: IMPROVED M	IIGRATION MANAGEMENT IN COUNTRIES OF ORIGIN AND TRANSIT			
3.1 Adopting and/or implementing national policies and strategies on migration management, including on countering migrant smuggling and trafficking of human beings, return and reintegration.	Number of policy reforms and strategies adopted and implemented by partner countries on migration-related matters, including in a regional and trans-regional context.	IOM, UNHCR, IGAD ²		
3.2 Ensuring protection to those in	Number of displaced persons benefiting from appropriate protection and	Data generated from programmes		
need	progressively enjoying social and economic rights.	implemented under the Trust Fund		
3.3 Advancing mutually-beneficial	Number of initiatives maximising the development impact of migration ³ , including	Data generated from programmes		
legal migration and mobility	through mobility	implemented under the Trust Fund		
Area of intervention 4: IMPROVED G	OVERNANCE AND CONFLICT PREVENTION, AND REDUCTION OF FORCED DISPLACEMENT	AND IRREGULAR MIGRATION		
4.1 Strengthened rule of law and relevant national institutions for preventing violence and combating terrorism and crime.	Level of public confidence in the performance of security institutions	National and international perception surveys		
4.2 Human rights abuses addressed	Number of human rights complaints received and addressed	Data generated from programmes implemented under the Trust Fund		
4.3 Contribution made to	Levels of civic engagement, in particular by young people, support for use of violence	Surveys		

² Intergovernmental Authority on Development ³ Communication COM(2013) 292 final 'Maximising the Development Impact of Migration'

preventing violent extremism								
Cross-cutting output: IMPROVED POLICY AND PRACTICE								
An evidence base to inform policy	Number of studies across the three windows with cross-cutting analysis of: (i) drivers	Studies	and	analyses	financed			
development and programme	of destabilisation, forced displacement and irregular migration, (ii) lessons learned	through the Trust Fund						
design	and (iii) the impact of interventions.							