

The European Union Emergency Trust Fund for Africa (EUTF)

Sahel and Lake Chad

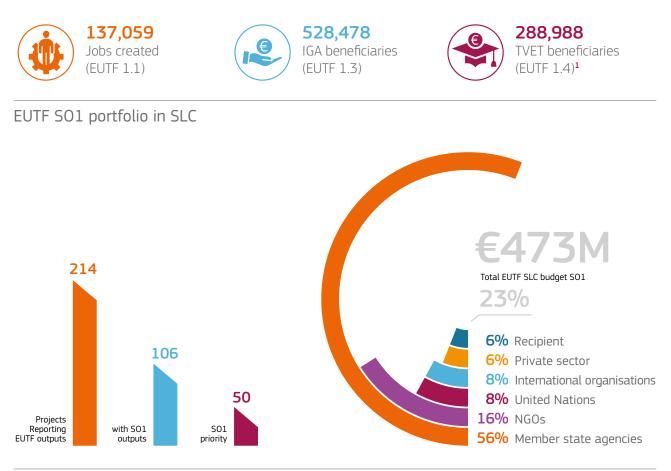


Greater economic and employment opportunities

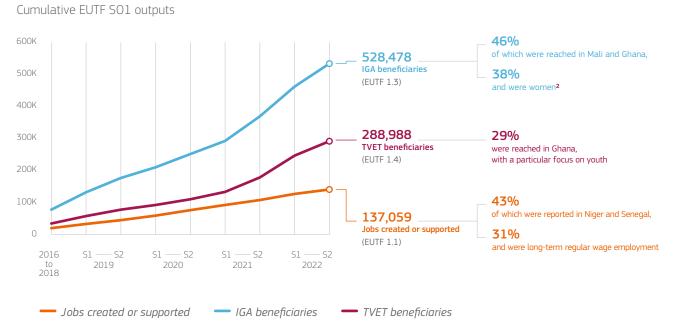
Strategic Objective 1 (SO1) output indicators as of December 2022





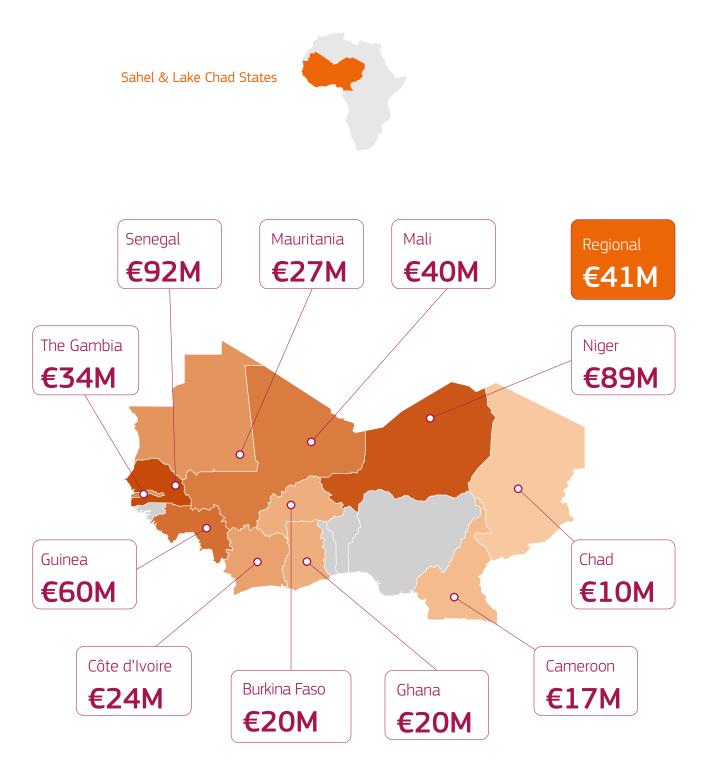


Key SO1 trends





SO1 funding by country





Implementation areas and key SO1 outputs as of December 2022

Sahel & Lake Chad States



Saint-Louis, Senegal

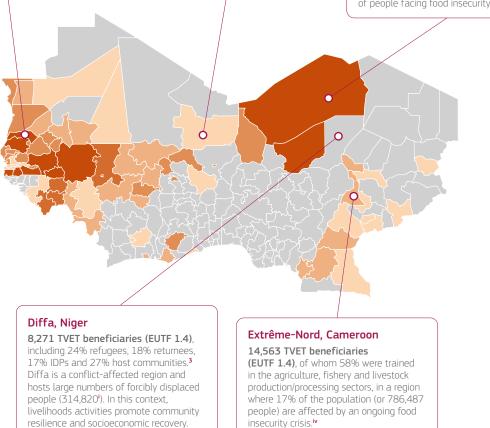
4,845 jobs created / supported (EUTF1.1) for vulnerable people or potential migrants in one of the principal regions of departure along the Atlantic route.

Gao, Mali

25,810 IGA beneficiaries (EUTF 1.3), 90% of whom were supported with activities in the agriculture, fishery and livestock production/processing sectors, in a region with a 40% poverty rate.ⁱⁱⁱ

Agadez, Niger

9,664 jobs created / supported (EUTF 1.1), 51% of which are related to agriculture, fishery and livestock production/processing. 4 out of 6 districts in Agadez Region are characterised by IFRC as being in crisis, with large numbers of people facing food insecurity.ⁱⁱ



Number of SO1 priority projects per region⁴

3

4

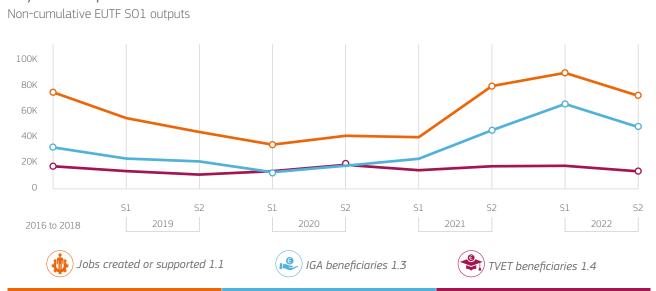
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1







Steady outputs in the 2016-2018 period, with 17,333 jobs created or supported

Key SO1 outputs

76 projects have supported job creation across SLC, a third of which were already implementing activities between 2016 and 2018. During these two years, the **LRRD** programme in Nigeria was the main contributor, supporting 21% of job creation beneficiaries for the period, before it came to an end in late 2018.

Peak in S2 2020 with 18,645 jobs created or supported

Key contributing projects, such as **PASPED**, **Emploi BF, TUUMA, Poles Ruraux, and DES AFD** (collectively contributing to 50% of the S2 2020 result), implemented notable job creation activities, all in Senegal, Burkina Faso and Niger. Almost three in four (75%) of the job creation beneficiaries were reached in these three countries in S2 2022.

Decrease in S2 2022, with 13,340 jobs created or supported

S2 2022 represents the period with the fewest number of projects reported on job creation (26 projects) since 2018. Key contributing projects such as **HIMO CM, DES AFD and PASPED** all ended prior to or during S2 2022 and contributed to more than 5% each of all beneficiaries to date, while Poles Ruraux (the main contributing project at 9%) is expected to end in the first half of 2023.

Steady early outputs in the 2016-2018 period, with 74,906 people assisted to develop IGAs

Two projects reported 30% of the IGA beneficiaries supported during this period. **KEY ARC** in Mali provided a large of agricultural starter kits and **ISING** in Nigeria anumbersssisted beneficiaries (of whom 71% were female) in accessing finance through VSLAs, with each project supporting more than 10,000 IGAs in 2016-2018.

Dip in S1 2020, with 34,227 people assisted to develop IGAs

Key implementers of IGA activities during this period include **KEY ARC** in Mali and **PSS** in Nigeria, both of which slowed activities before coming to a close in S1 and S2 2020, respectively.

Increase from S2 2021 (78,997) through 2022 (161,397) in number of people assisted to develop IGAs

For the first time, two projects reported more than 10,000 IGA beneficiaries in a single semester (S2 2021), with **GrEEn UNCDF** in Ghana reporting 62% of the overall IGA output in 2022 – its second year of implementation - by supporting largescale access to finance through financial intermediaries and digital services.

Steady early results in the 2016-2018 period, with 32,254 people benefitting from TVET

Several projects reported considerable outputs during this time, such as **DES LuxDev** (Senegal), **Kallo Tchidaniwo** (Niger), **PARSE** and **RESILIANT** (Cameroon) which collectively reported 64% of beneficiaries of professional trainings and skills development in the 2016-2018 period.

Drop in S1 2020 (12,907) in people benefitting from TVET

TVET outputs decrease significantly from S1 2019 to S1 2020, as contributing projects such as Cameroon (**RESILIANT**), Niger (**Kallo Tchidaniwo**), Senegal (**DES LuxDev**) and The Gambia (**YEP**) reach significantly fewer people in S1 2020.

Increase in number of people benefitting from TVET from S2 2021 (45,379) and in 2022 (113,292)

GrEEn UNCDF in Ghana is the single most important contributor to the peak in TVET and skills development outputs in 2022 (reaching 56% of all beneficiaries reported throughout the year), making it the project with the most significant contribution (24%) of all 66 projects reporting on TVET to date. The project aims to build the financial and entrepreneurial capabilities of the diaspora, youths, women and returnees.



Abbreviations and acronyms

DES AFD	Developing employment in Senegal: strengthening the local business fabric
DES LuxDev	Developing employment in Senegal: equitable access to vocational training
EJOM	Youth Employment Creates Opportunities At Home in Mali
Emploi BF	Programme d'appui à l'Emploi dans les zones frontalières et périphériques au Burkina Faso
EUTF	European Union Emergency Trust Fund for Africa
німо см	Investment project to support local economic development in the Far North, promoting employment and the integration of young people (labour-based approach)
IDPs	Internally displaced persons
IFRC	International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies
IGA	Income-generating activities
IPDEV	Supporting entrepreneurs and small SMEs in West Africa
ISING	Investing in the Safety and Integrity of Nigerian Girls
Kallo Tchidaniwo	Strengthening institutional and community resilience in the Diffa region, Lake Chad Basin, Niger
KEY ARC	Consortium Alliance pour la Résilience Communautaire
LRRD	Promoting Stability in Nigeria's Northeast
NGO	Non-governmental organisation
Μ	Million
PASPED	Programme to contrast illegal migration through support to the private sector and job creation in Senegal
Poles Ruraux	Support project for agricultural sectors in the regions of Tahoua and Agadez, Niger
PSS	Strengthening Psychosocial Support, Mental Health, Reintegration and Protection Services for children in Borno, including children associated with Boko Haram
SLC	Sahel and Lake Chad
SO	Strategic Objective
TUUMA	Appui à la compétence professionnelle, l'entreprenariat et l'emploi des jeunes en milieu rural dans des régions rurales du Burkina Faso
TVET	Technical and vocational education and training
VSLA	Village Savings and Loan Associations
YEP	Youth Empowerment Project

Footnotes

- 1. Throughout this section, the term 'TVET' also includes other forms of skills development.
- 2. 38% women, 30% men, 32% unspecified.
- **3.** The remaining 14% are unspecified.
- 4. The colours on the map represent the number of SO1 priority projects in each region. However, the key outputs selected highlight notable results achieved by EUTF projects, and do not always correlate with the number of projects present in a given area.

Sources

- i. UNHCR, 'Niger Country Operation Update ', June 2023. Retrieved here.
- ii. IFRC, 'Niger: Food insecurity crisis Emergency appeal No. MDRNE026 Operational strategy', July 2022. Retrieved here.
- iii. World Bank, 'Renforcer le lien entre croissance économique et réduction de la pauvreté au Mali', 2021. Retrieved here.
- iv. UNOCHA, 'Cadre Harmonisé and IPC estimations for West and Central Africa'. January 2023. Retrieved here.



European Commission

The EU Emergency Trust Fund for Africa Address: Rue de la Loi 41, B-1049 Brussels **Phone:** +32 (0) 2 299 11 11 E-mail: intpa-eutf-africa@ec.europa.eu Website: <u>https://trust-fund-for-africa.europa.eu/</u>



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